DETAILED SITE INVESTIGATION (DSI)

69 Trig Road 149-151 & 155-157 Brigham Creek Road,
Whenuapai, Auckland



Reference Number: REP-1475/DSI/JUN20(REV1)

PREPARED FOR: NEIL CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

12 JUNE 2020



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Statement

This site investigation has been prepared in accordance with the Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health) Regulations 2011. It has been managed by a suitably qualified and experienced practitioner (SQEP); and reported on in accordance with the current edition of the Ministry for the Environment's Contaminated Land Management Guidelines No.1 – Reporting on Contaminated Sites in New Zealand.

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Thank you for the opportunity to carry out this investigation. Should you have any queries regarding this report please do not hesitate to contact us on 09 475 0222.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

EX	KEC	UTIVE SUMMARY	. 1			
1	ı	NTRODUCTION	. 3			
2	F	PROPERTY DETAILS	. 3			
3	F	PROPOSED CHANGE IN LANDUSE, SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT	. 3			
	3.1	LANDUSE CONSENT - LUC60350837	. 4			
4	S	STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS	. 4			
	4.1					
	4.2	AUCKLAND UNITARY PLAN (OPERATIVE IN PART) (AUP(OP))	. 5			
5		OSI OBJECTIVES	. 5			
6	S	SCOPE OF WORKS	. 5			
7	F	PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS	. 6			
	7.1	GEOSCIENCES LTD - 2019 ENVIRONMENTAL DUE DILIGENCE INVESTIGATION (DDI)	. 6			
	7.2	CMW GEOSCIENCES - 2020 GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION	. 8			
8	C	ONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL FOR POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION				
	8.1	POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION	. 8			
	8.2	EXPECTED SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION	. 9			
	8	3.2.1 Unverified Fill				
		3.2.2 Bulk Storage and Use of Persistent Pesticides				
		3.2.3 Lead Based Paint				
		3.2.4 Domestic Wastewater Treatment				
	8.3	Intrusive Investigation Requirements	10			
9	S	SOIL SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS	10			
	9.1	Unverified Fill	10			
	9.2	STORAGE AND USE OF PERSISTENT PESTICIDES / LEAD BASED PAINTS	11			
	9.3	LABORATORY ANALYSIS AND QUALITY CONTROL	12			
	9.4	ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA AND RELEVANT GUIDELINES	12			
10) /	ANALYTICAL RESULTS	13			
	10.	1 HEAVY METALS	13			
	10.	2 ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES (OCPS)	13			
	10.	3 POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAHs)	13			
	10.	4 ASBESTOS	13			
11	. (CONCLUSIONS	18			
	11.	,				
	11.	THE AUCKLAND UNITARY PLAN (OPERATIVE IN PART) (AUP(OP))	19			
12	? F	REFERENCES	21			
13	L	IMITATIONS	22			



LIST OF TABLES

TABLE 1 PROPOSED SCHEME PLAN

TABLE 2 TEST PIT HEAVY METAL ANALYTICAL RESULTS

TABLE 3 TEST PIT ORGANIC COMPOUND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

TABLE 4 TEST PIT ASBESTOS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

TABLE 5 SURFACE SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

FIGURES

FIGURE 1 SITE LOCALITY

FIGURE 2 SITE INFRASTRUCTURE FIGURE 3 TEST PIT LOCATIONS

FIGURE 4 SURFACE SOIL SAMPLE LOCATIONS

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A PROPOSED SCHEME PLAN

APPENDIX B GEOSCIENCES LTD ENVIRONMENTAL DUE DILIGENCE INVESTIGATION

APPENDIX C CMW GEOSCIENCES GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

APPENDIX D SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

APPENDIX E LABORATORY TRANSCRIPTS



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Neil Construction Ltd propose to develop the piece of land encompassed by 69 Trig Road, 149-151 and 155-157 Brigham Creek Road, Whenuapai through the demolition of the existing residential structures and infrastructure, subdivision of the titles creating some 60 new lots. Landuse will comprise a mixture of commercial and residential landuses and the proposed development will include cut to fill earthworks across the full extent of the site on the order of 48,200 m³ to achieve the desired site profile. As a previous environmental due diligence investigation conducted by Geosciences Ltd (GSL) identified potentially contaminating landuses on site including importation of up to 14,000 m³ of unverified fill material onto the southeast portion of 69 Trig Road (HAIL Item I), the potential for the bulk storage and use of persistent pesticides in farm sheds across the site (HAIL Item A.10), and the presence of domestic wastewater septic tanks and effluent disposal infrastructure associated with the residential activities on site (HAIL Item G.5). In accordance with the recommendations of that investigation, and as required by a request for further information made by Auckland Council, GSL were engaged to undertake a detailed site investigation (DSI) on the piece of land in accordance with the Ministry for the Environment (MfE) Contaminated Land Management Guidelines (CLMG), the National Environmental Standards for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health (NES) and Chapter E.30 of the Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) (AUP(OP)).

The investigation included a review of the previous environmental investigation and a review of a geotechnical investigation of the site which confirm the location, extents, and composition of the unverified fill materials. Based on the findings of the geotechnical report and the GSL's previous investigation, a conceptual site model for potential contamination was developed identifying the fill and storage sheds as the primary sources of potential contamination on the site. The conceptual model also noted that most efficient methodology for assessing the potential impacts from domestic wastewater disposal is to remove the systems and conduct validation sampling in order to confirm that no residual contamination is present.

Based on the conceptual model, GSL undertook an intrusive investigation through the collection of 29 soil samples from 12 test pits excavated through the unverified fill, the collection of 11 discrete surface soil samples on a judgemental basis around the storage sheds on site, and the collection of a further 3 composite soil samples from cropped areas in order to further confirm the findings of the previous investigation in those former cropped areas.

Based on the conceptual model and observations made during test pitting, soil samples from the fill were analysed for a broad range of contaminants of concern including heavy metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, organochlorine pesticides, and asbestos containing materials. Surface soil samples from around storage sheds were analysed for arsenic, copper lead, and OCPs, or for lead only. Analysis of the soil samples revealed:

- No soil sample returned a concentration of any contaminant of concern in excess of the NES residential soil contaminant standard or the AUP(OP) permitted activity soil acceptance standards;
- soil samples from within the unverified fill returned detectable concentrations of OCPs and PAHs well within the applicable human health and environmental acceptance criteria;



- one soil sample from within the fill returned detectable asbestos fibres below the BRANZ
 Tier 1 human health threshold for AF/FA for all site users;
- discrete soil samples from potential hotspots returned one concentration of arsenic marginally above the expected background range; and
- one composite soil samples returned a trace detection of ∑DDT

As no soil sample returned concentrations of any contaminant of concern in excess of the applicable NES and AUP(OP) landuse standards, GSL concludes that the proposed change in landuse, subdivision, and development are highly unlikely to result in any risk to human health or the environment.

Due to the detection of contaminants of concern in excess of the expected naturally occurring background concentration ranges within the emplaced fill and storage sheds on 69 Trig Road, the proposed change in landuse, subdivision, and development will be required to address the Regulations of the NES. As this investigation has concluded that the proposed change in landuse, subdivision and development is highly unlikely to result in a risk to human or environmental health, the subdivision and change in landuse can be considered a Permitted Activity under Regulation 8(4) of the NES. Development earthworks will likely require Resource Consent as a Controlled Activity under Regulation 9 of the NES.

A site management plan (SMP) has been provided alongside this DSI which documents the controls to be in place for the protection of human and environmental health as a result of the potential mobilisation of contaminants in soil during soil disturbance works. The SMP also includes the provision for the controlled decommissioning and removal of the onsite septic tanks and effluent disposal systems.



1 INTRODUCTION

Geosciences Ltd (GSL) has prepared the following report for Neil Construction Ltd in accordance with the GSL proposal, Ref: Pro-2062/Apr20, dated 24 April 2020.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the Ministry for the Environment (MfE) Contaminated Land Management Guidelines (CLMG): No. 1 - "Guidelines for Reporting on Contaminated Sites in New Zealand", and No. 5 - "Site Investigation and Analysis of Soils" (References 1 and 2).

2 PROPERTY DETAILS

Table 1: Property Details

Location	Legal Description	57,170 m ² & 4,485 m ² Future ot 5 DP101583 61,270 m ² Future	Zoning
69 Trig Road	Lot 3 DP 101583 and % Lot 5 DP101583	57,170 m² & 4,485 m²	Future Urban Zone
149-151 Brigham Creek Road	Lot 4 DP 101583	61,270 m²	Future Urban Zone
155-157 Brigham Creek Road	Lot 2 DP 334953	36,244 m²	Future Urban Zone
Total	Area	15.92	2 Ha

The properties at the addresses above, hereafter referred to collectively as 'the site' are located in the predominantly rural Whenuapai area of West Auckland, approximately 13 km to the northwest of the Auckland CBD. The site is predominantly vacant rural land with a residential dwelling in the approximate centre of the site and two smaller residential dwellings on the northwest portion of the site. The surrounding area is predominantly rural residential and rural production land, to the immediate north of the site is the New Zealand Defence Force Whenuapi Airbase.

3 PROPOSED CHANGE IN LANDUSE, SUBDIVISION AND DEVELOPMENT

It is understood that Neil Construction Ltd intend to develop the site through the demolition of the existing site infrastructure, undertake bulk site wide earthworks and subdivide the titles creating up to 60 new lots with mixed use residential and commercial / industrial landuses proposed. Preliminary plans indicate a split of 36 proposed residential lots and 24 commercial lots alongside associated access lots and infrastructure.

Earthworks plans provided to GSL show bulk developmental earthworks proposed across the site including some 48,200 m³ of cut to fill operations including a cut of up to 2 m through the central portion of the site and fill of up to 3.0 m in the northern portion of the site and up to 5.0 m in the southeast portion. A copy of the proposed scheme plans and earthworks drawings are included as Appendix A.



3.1 LANDUSE CONSENT - LUC60350837

Following application for landuse consent ref: LUC60350837, Auckland Council issued a request for further information under Section 92 of the Resource Management Act noting the following with respect to soil contamination matters:

"Contamination Specialist

A copy of the application has been forwarded to Councils Contamination Specialist who has requested the following additional information

-The Environmental due diligence investigation supplied to consider the potential for soil contamination concludes that a range of potentially contaminating activities have occurred at the site which have not been investigated. As such, consents under the NES:CS and Chapter E,30 of the AUP(OP) may be required as part of the application. Please review section 7 of the Environmental due diligence investigation and, in accordance with its recommendations, submit a soil contamination Detailed Site Investigation Report (DSI), prepared by a Suitably Qualified and Experienced soil contamination Practitioner (SQEP) in accordance with the Contaminated Land Management Guidelines Nos. 1&5 (Ministry for the Environment, revised 2011) for the identified areas subject to historical filling, storage sheds and effluent disposal

-Based on the results of the DSI, please submit a revised Environmental Management Plan or separate Contaminated Soils Management Plan that details the proposed management measures to be undertaken to minimise the identified risks to human health and the environment associated with soil contamination throughout the proposed development works and render the site's soils suitable for the proposed residential activities.

-Based on the results of the DSI, please review and revise the reasons for consent with respect to the NES:CS and AUP(OP) Chapter E.30"

4 STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

As a result of the proposed change in landuse, subdivision and development outlined above, and in order to address the request for information by Auckland Council detailed in the above section, it will be necessary to address the requirements of the following applicable standards and regulations for the site.

4.1 NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARD (NES)

The National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health (NES) (MfE, 2012), which came into effect on 1 January 2012, ensures that land affected by contaminants in soil is appropriately identified and assessed when soil disturbance and/or land development activities take place and, if necessary, remediated or the contaminants contained to make the land safe for human use.

Under the NES, land is considered to be actually or potentially contaminated if an activity or industry on the MfE Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL) has been, is, or is more likely than not to have been, undertaken on the land. Consequently, a subdivision or development on HAIL land requires a detailed site investigation (DSI) of the piece of land to determine if there is a risk to human health as a result of the former activities.



The NES defines five standard landuse scenarios for which soil contaminant standards have been derived. While both commercial and residential landuses are proposed, the most sensitive landuse scenario which is applicable to the proposed change in landuse, subdivision and development at this site is defined by the NES as: *Residential: Standard residential lot for single dwelling with gardens, including home grown produce consumption (10%).*

4.2 AUCKLAND UNITARY PLAN (OPERATIVE IN PART) (AUP(OP))

Section 30(1)(f) of the RMA provides the Auckland Council with a statutory duty to investigate land for the purposes of identifying and monitoring contaminated land and for the control of discharges of contaminants into or onto land or water and discharges of water into water.

The Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) (AUP(OP)), which was formally notified on 30 September 2013, is a combined regional policy statement, regional coastal plan, regional plan and district plan. Auckland Council notified an operative in part version of the plan on 15 November 2016 (Reference 4).

Chapter E.30 of the AUP(OP) deals specifically with contaminated land and maintains that Council is required to manage both the use of land containing elevated levels of contaminants and the discharge of contaminants from land containing elevated levels of contaminants. As no appeals have been lodged on Chapter E.30, the provisions of that section can be considered operative under Section 87 of the Resource Management Act 1991. For all purposes of this investigation, the relevant provisions of the AUP(OP) relating to soil contamination have legal jurisdiction and those provision have been considered where they may have an impact on the proposed development

5 DSI OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this investigation were to assess:

- the soil quality and any associated risk to human health and the environment as a result of potential contamination in soil on the site as a result of former HAIL activities;
- the resulting status of the activity under the NES;
- what, if any, contaminated land rules of the AUP(OP) apply to the proposed subdivision and development; and
- any further work that may be required under the NES, or the AUP(OP) as a result of the soil
 quality on site.

6 SCOPE OF WORKS

To achieve the objectives of the DSI, GSL has undertaken the following:

- a review of GSL's previous environmental due diligence investigation
- a review of previous environmental and geotechnical reports;
- the development of a conceptual site model for potential contamination on site based on the sites landuse history;



- the excavation of 12 test pits through the use of a mechanical excavator across an area of identified fill;
- the collection of representative soil samples from within the fill horizon;
- the collection of three composite soil samples from areas of former horticultural activity;
- the collection of seven discrete surface soil samples from potential hotspot areas surrounding former storage shed locations;
- the analysis of soil samples for the contaminants of concern identified in the conceptual site model of potential contamination and
- The preparation this report in accordance with contaminated land management guideline No.1 – "Reporting on contaminated sites in New Zealand" (Ministry for the Environment, 2011) detailing the findings of this investigation and the recommendations, if any, for further work.

7 Previous Investigations

7.1 GEOSCIENCES LTD - 2019 ENVIRONMENTAL DUE DILIGENCE INVESTIGATION (DDI)

GSL conducted an environmental due diligence investigation (DDI) of the site in March 2019, the findings of which are summarised in the GSL report, *LtR-1331/Mar19*. The investigation included a desktop study of the sites history through review of historic aerial images of the site available on the Retrolens website and Auckland Council GEOMaps website, a review of the certificates of title for the site, a review of the Auckland Council property file for each of the properties making up the site, and the collection of eight composite soil samples from across the full extent of the site in order to assess the potential for soil contamination as a result of historic horticultural activity.

The desktop review noted that the site appears to have been pasture for much of its history until being converted for horticultural use between 1980 and 1988, consistent with the historical certificates of title identifying 1984 as the year the site converted to horticultural landuse. Horticultural activity appeared short lived, having largely ceased in the northern portion of the site by 2000, at which time that portion of the site has been converted to rural residential landuse / pasture. Some smaller scale horticulture continues in the southern portion of the site up to the most recent aerial images. Additionally, filling activities have been undertaken across the southeast corner of 69 Trig Road, these appear to be related to the spreading of three large stockpiles of material noted in 2004-2009 images. The 2013 image shows trucks parked on the southwest corner of the fill area indicating that additional fill material has been imported to the site at that time.

It is clear from the historical images that the piece of land has been subject to horticultural landuse and as the bulk storage and use of persistent pesticides associated with historic horticulture is included on the MfE HAIL under Item A.10, the piece of land would be considered potentially contaminated. Filling operations are noted across a portion of 69 Trig Road, unverified filling is considered to be encompassed by Item I on the MfE HAIL where a risk to human or environmental health is present only.

Additionally, plans contained in the property files identified the approximate locations of septic tanks and associated effluent disposal fields for the dwellings on site. Auckland Council considers



that domestic wastewater treatment and disposal systems are encompassed by Item G.5 on the MfE HAIL.

As noted in Section 3.3 of the DDI, documents held on the property file for 69 Trig Road identified that the previous landowner had been prosecuted for the illegal importation of approximately 10,000 m³ of fill over an area of approximately 11,500 m² which resulted in an "undulating topography".

The following is an excerpt of Section 3.3 of GSL's previous investigation relating to the court proceedings:

"Court proceeding note that from 2001 the landowner arranged for Jayel Contracting Ltd to tip cleanfill onto the site. Testimony is held from the proceedings from Mr Noel Stuart Luxford, a Registered Civil Engineer and shareholder of Babbage Consultants, who states that at the request of Waitakere City Council he had "Reviewed some engineering aspects of a volume of earthworks placed at the above property in the first half of 2001." Mr Luxford stated that he had reviewed the contour plan for the site prior to the earthworks and undertook a site inspection in order to make an estimation of the volumes and areas of filling involved.

During his site inspection he noted the presence of several stockpiles scattered around the site, he describes the stockpiles as up to 3 m in height with one stockpile of clay and silt material which was up to 4 m.

Based on his review of information, Mr Luxford estimated that earthworks were undertaken over an area of approximately 11,306 m² with a total cut volume of 1,146 m³ and a fill volume of 14,141 m³, these volumes compare with Waitakere City Council's estimates. Based on those figures he estimates that approximately 13, 007 m³ of fill was imported to site. He estimates that the maximum depth of fill may be as much as 5.5 m in highly localised to the area of the former gully, while the maximum depth outside of the gully would taper from zero to 3.5 m.

Mr Luxford undertook a visual inspection of the stockpiled material and where possible the surface of the filled material and noted that there was only very minor inclusions of gravel, concrete and brick. With respect to contamination he states:

"On the Basis of my field observations of the fill quality transported to the site the only material that might provide potential contamination of the site is the inclusion of old bitumen. However, such material is generally considered to be inert if well aged and thus I do not believe there is any longterm risk from such material. Unless there is material hidden beneath the surface which is different from that visible on surface, then I do not consider there to be any contamination risk""

The DDI noted the potential for a wide range of potential contaminants including heavy metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and organochlorine pesticides (OCPs), concluding that a detailed site investigation of the site would be required in order to assess the nature of the fill material and any resultant risks to human health or the environment as a result of the disturbance of that material.

The potential for lead based paint to have been used on storage sheds on site was also noted, in particular on sheds adjacent to the main dwelling which were noted to be in poor condition with flaking and deteriorated external paints. The potential impacts to soil of lead based paint use can be encompassed under Item I on the MfE HAIL where a risk to human or environmental health is present only.



7.2 CMW GEOSCIENCES - 2020 GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

GSL were provided with a copy of the geotechnical investigation undertaken on site by CMW Geosciences in January 2020 for review to provide context for the underlying soil across the site and for indication on the extents of the unverified fill on the southeast portion of the site.

The investigation included the drilling of two machine boreholes up to 20 m depth, excavation of seven test pits by 20 tonne mechanical excavator to depths of up to 3.0 m in the unverified fill and the advancing of eleven hand auger boreholes across the site to depths of up to 5.0 m.

The investigation described the unverified fill as follows:

"Fill encountered in the south eastern corner of 69 Trig Road generally comprised grey, brown, orange and black, clays and clay/silt mixtures, with organic material, concrete, old drainage pipes, and plastic throughout. Testing throughout this material demonstrated peak shear strength of between 48kPa and 208kPa.

A thin layer (0.1m) of buried topsoil was encountered at the base of the this fill in TP05-19 and TP07-19."

The 69 Trig Road fill was recorded to depths of 2.6 m below surface with a thickness of up to 2.45 m at its maximum extent in test pits excavated as part of the investigation. The fill area is mapped at some $11,380 \text{ m}^2$.

Fill was also encountered on the northern portion of 155-157 Brigham Creek Road, however, as noted in GSL's DDI this fill was consented engineered fill emplaced as upgrade works to a culvert on that piece of the site. A small thin lens of fill was identified in the central portion of the site, however the description of the fill matches that of the underlying clay deposits, it is considered highly likely to be localised cut to fill undertaken as part of standard rural activities.

Groundwater levels were recorded during the investigation in hand auger boreholes in March 2019 and in November 2019. The March average depth across the site was 3.08 m below ground level (blg), however groundwater was not encountered in six of the 11 hand auger bores. The November average depth was 2.23 m bgl as measured in test pits and hand auger holes across the site. The groundwater level within the fill horizon on the southeast corner of the site ranged between 1.0 m and 2.8 m bgl.

8 Conceptual Site Model for Potential Contamination

8.1 POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION

The following potential sources of contamination were identified on the site:

- Unverified fill on southeast corner of 69 Trig Road (Item I);
 - Contaminants of concern: Heavy metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), organochlorine pesticides (OCPs), asbestos containing material (ACM)
- Potential for bulk storage and use of persistent pesticides (Item A.10);
 - o Contaminants of concern: Arsenic, copper, lead, and OCPs
- Potential impacts of lead based paint on storage sheds on site (Item I)



- Contaminants of concern: Lead only
- Onsite septic tanks and effluent disposal fields associated with the dwelling (Item G.5);
 - Contaminants of concern: heavy metals are used as indicators of potential impacts

8.2 EXPECTED SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

The potential sources of contamination documented above can be expected to produce the following spatial distributions of the contaminants of concern as follows.

8.2.1 UNVERIFIED FILL

The handling and emplacement of unverified fill can be expected to result in a mixing effect of the soils emplaced, that being said if the fill was sourced from several sites then the fill horizon would be expected to have a relatively heterogenous composition, with the potential for pockets of unsuitable material throughout the fill.

8.2.2 Bulk Storage and Use of Persistent Pesticides

The use of persistent pesticides through the direct sprayed application to crops is generally expected to result in a uniform distribution of contaminants across the uppermost topsoil horizon, and would not be expected to result in the formation of hotspots.

The bulk storage of persistent pesticides can result in the formation of hotspots where spills or leaks are present and not adequately cleaned up at the time. Hotspots would be expected to be highly localised to area of storage or mixing and would not be expected to be laterally extensive while the highest risk horizon for potential impacts is the surficial topsoil.

8.2.3 LEAD BASED PAINT

Lead based paint can impact the soil directly surrounding structures with external painted surfaces. Paint flakes, chips or dust can infiltrate the surface soils where paints are in deteriorated condition, or at times of routine maintenance where insufficient ground protection is used. Lead concentrations can be elevated in the immediate curtilage of the structure and attenuate rapidly with distance from the source, in GSL professional experience background concentrations are generally found within 3-5 m of the source. Likewise, lead concentrations are generally elevated in surface soils only and attenuate to background concentrations rapidly with depth, impacts are generally restricted to the topsoil horizon.

8.2.4 DOMESTIC WASTEWATER TREATMENT

While the risk for soil contamination as a result of domestic wastewater treatment wastewater treatment systems is considered to be very low, any impacts from the disposal of waste to land within the effluent disposal field would be expected to be constrained to the area of the dripper lines within the disposal field itself, attenuating rapidly with distance and depth from the dripper lines.



8.3 Intrusive Investigation Requirements

Based on the conceptual model described above a systematic soil sampling regime is required in order to assess the unverified fill on 69 Trig Road, while judgemental sampling is appropriate to address any high risk areas for potential spills or mixing of persistent pesticides. Likewise, a judgemental soil sampling regime is appropriate for the assessment of the potential impacts of lead based paint surrounding storage sheds on site.

While the previous investigation assessed the majority of former cropped areas further composite soil sampling is considered appropriate on portions of the former horticultural land in order to provide a more robust assessment of the potential impacts of the direct sprayed application of persistent pesticides.

With respect to the investigation of wastewater treatment systems on site, given the exact location of the septic tanks and disposal lines are not well documented, the most practical approach to the assessment is the controlled removal of the systems followed by judgemental targeted soil sampling of the underlying soil in high risk areas as identified in Section 8.2.3 above. The process and controls required for the removal of the septic tanks and disposal fields are provided in the Site Management Plan (SMP) provided alongside this DSI. With respect to intrusive investigations undertaken as part of this DSI, the effluent treatment and disposal systems are not considered further in the following sections.

9 Soil Sampling and Analysis

Based on the conceptual model developed in the above sections, GSL undertook intrusive investigation as documented in the following sections. Fieldwork was undertaken over the course of 6-7 May 2020, on both days of fieldwork the weather was fine and clear following a prolonged dry summer period. At the time of the inspection the site was found as documented during the DDI, the main residence had been recently vacated by the previous owners and tree removal works had commenced across the site with demolition works on the house scheduled to commence in the near future.

Site infrastructure is detailed in Figure 2 while test pit and soil sample locations are indicated in Figures 3 and 4.

9.1 UNVERIFIED FILL

In order to assess the fill, GSL undertook a test pit investigation through excavation of test pits on a systematic grid based pattern across the extent of unverified fill. Twelve test pit locations were laid out on three transects across the filled area on an approximate 25 m spacing, infill test pits were undertaken along the central east-west transect in order to intensify the sampling density through the centre of the fill and multiple soil samples were collected from each test pit resulting in the collection of 29 Discrete soil samples from within the emplaced fill.

In terms of sampling density, GSL note that the WasteMINZ *Technical Guidelines for Disposal to Land* recommend a sampling rate of one sample per 500 m³ for the assessment of fill material while the MfE Contaminated Land Management Guideline No.5 *"Site Investigation and Analysis of Soils"* recommends the collection of soil samples from between 21 and 25 discrete locations on an



approximately 22 m spaced grid pattern for the detection of circular hotspots of 26 m² to 28 m² diameter with 95% certainty on a two dimensional plane only.

Based on the estimated volume of fill present (up to 14,000 m³ estimated across some 11,380 m² varying in depth from shallow at the edges to >4m in the centre of the gully), 29 discrete soil samples were collected from various depths within the fill horizon. This assessment provides a rate of at least 1 soil sample per 500 m³ as recommended in the WasteMINZ Guidelines and directly reflects the spatial distribution assessment envisaged within CLMG No.5.

Fill encountered in all test pits was predominantly silty clay material overlying am organic rich, peaty buried topsoil horizon inferred to be the historic ground / gully surface observed in historic aerial photographs. A strong organic odour was noted in the buried topsoil horizon where encountered alongside black staining and a sheen similar to hydrocarbon, in light of the analytical results documented below, and the context of the horizon encountered this is considered to be a result of anaerobic organic decaying matter, not hydrocarbon discharge.

Throughout the full extent of the fill foreign materials were identified including minor plastics / weed-mat / textiles, and building materials including timbers, brick and ceramic fragments, broken concrete, and minor fragments of fibre cement materials. Minor, isolated fragments of potentially ACM material was encountered in surficial horizons of the fill in test pits TP2 and TP4 while fragments of ACM pipe were identified in test pit TP11. Soil samples were collected from the highest risk horizons in test pits where building rubble was identified. While minor isolated fragments of ACM were identified in the fill, the risk of widespread ACM impacts are considered low given the test pit observations. The only area of concern for ACM contamination is surrounding test pit TP11 where broken fragments were more pervasive. Burnt material including timber, ash and organic material was noted at the base of the fill in test pits TP9, TP11 and TP12

Soil samples were collected from the excavator bucket from desired depths using a stainless steel hand trowel and were placed directly into laboratory provided glass sample jars, labelled with the date, sample identification number, sample depth, location, and initials of the sampler noted on the label; sample jars were then stored in a chilly bin to preserve the samples. Sampling equipment was decontaminated in between samples using a soft soap solution in accordance with GSL internal quality control procedures.

Additional soil samples were collected from each test pit where building rubble was identified, using the same methodology as above, and placed in a laboratory provided plastic asbestos sample container ensuring at least 500g of sample was collected to ensure the correct laboratory reporting limits.

Test pit locations are indicated on Figure 3.

9.2 STORAGE AND USE OF PERSISTENT PESTICIDES / LEAD BASED PAINTS

In order to assess the potential for hotspots resulting from storage and mixing of persistent pesticides during the sites horticultural use a judgemental soil sampling regime was employed. Soil samples were collected from the surface 0-150 mm topsoil horizon in locations were high risk of potential leaks or spills were noted, such as storage areas, high traffic areas such as doorways or potential mixing / dispensing areas. Soil samples were collected from the uppermost 0-150 mm of topsoil using a stainless steel hand auger and were transferred directly to resealable plastic zipper



bags with the date, sample identification number, sample depth, location, and initials of the sampler noted in the bag.

In order to assess the potential impacts of the use of persistent pesticides, three composite soil samples were collected from three small discrete areas of more recent horticultural activities which were not assessed under the DDI soil sampling regime. Composite soil samples were composed of four discrete subsamples collected using a stainless steel hand auger and composited in the field.

Where the potential for lead paint was noted, soil samples targeted the immediate curtilage of structures, and were collected from the surface 0-150 mm of topsoil from within 2 m of the identified source. It is noted that as lead is a contaminant of concern related to historical horticulture there is some cross-over between the sample locations assessing lead paint and persistent pesticide storage.

Sampling equipment was decontaminated in between samples using a soft soap solution in accordance with GSL internal quality control procedures. Discrete soil sample locations and composite soil sample areas area indicated on Figure 4.

9.3 LABORATORY ANALYSIS AND QUALITY CONTROL

Sample bags and jars were placed in a chilly bin packed with ice with a chain of custody form (COC) indicating the analysis to be performed. Soil samples were dispatched to Eurofins Laboratories in Auckland for the analysis of the contaminants of concern as detailed in Section 8 above.

Eurofins Laboratories are accredited by International Accreditation New Zealand (IANZ) for the analysis undertaken.

While Eurofins are accredited by IANZ for the identification of asbestos, IANZ do not issue accreditation for the semi-quantitative analysis of asbestos in soil. As Eurofins are suitably qualified and experienced in asbestos analytical techniques, they are considered an appropriate facility to undertake semi-quantitative analysis of asbestos in soil.

9.4 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA AND RELEVANT GUIDELINES

The NES mandates fourteen soil contaminant standards (SCS) for the protection of human health for organic compounds and inorganic elements for various landuse criteria. While the proposed plans indicate a mixture of commercial and residential landuse on site, the NES human health SCS criteria for a residential block with 10% produce (residential 10%) have been applied as the most conservative standard applicable to the proposed change in landuse, subdivision, and development.

The NES does not contain soil contaminant standards for asbestos, therefore analytical results are compared to the Tier 1 Risk Assessment Threshold for asbestos fines (AF) and friable asbestos (FA) set by the BRANZ *New Zealand Guidelines for Assessing and Managing Asbestos in Soil* (BRANZ Guidelines).

The AUP(OP) also set permitted activity environmental discharge and soil acceptance criteria for potentially contaminated land.

Results are also compared to the background concentration ranges of inorganic elements in soils in the Auckland Region for volcanic / non-volcanic soils.



10 ANALYTICAL RESULTS

A comparison of the analytical results with the relevant guideline criteria is provided in Tables 2-5 below. Copies of the laboratory chain of custody document (COC) and analytical transcripts are attached in Appendix D, while a discussion of the results is provided below.

10.1 HEAVY METALS

No soil sample returned a concentration of any heavy metals in excess of the NES residential 10% SCS or the AUP(OP) permitted activity soil acceptance criteria. Only soil sample SS4 returned a concentration of arsenic (13mg/kg) and TP10 (0.5m) returned a concentration of nickel (42 mg/kg) which marginally exceeded the expected naturally occurring background ranges for arsenic (12 mg/kg) and nickel (35 mg/kg) in non-volcanic soils in the Auckland Region.

10.2 ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES (OCPs)

Trace detections of ∑DDT were recorded in soil samples TP1 (1.0m), TP2 (1.5m), TP2 (3.0m), TP3 (1.0m), TP7 (0.5m), and SS2 (0-150mm) while soil sample TP2 (1.5m) also returned a trace detection of dieldrin. All detected OCP concentrations fall orders of magnitude within the NES residential SCS and the AUP(OP) permitted activity soil acceptance criteria.

10.3 POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAHS)

Detections of PAHs were returned in soil samples from shallower depths (<2.0 m) in test pits TP1, TP2, TP3, TP4, TP7, TP8, TP9, TP10, and TP12. No soil sample returned a concentration with a BaP equivalent concentration in excess of the NES residential 10% SCS or the AUP(OP) permitted activity soil acceptance criteria.

10.4 ASBESTOS

One soil sample TP11 (0.5m) returned detectable asbestos fibres below BRANZ Tier 1 Risk Assessment Threshold. No other soil sample returned a detection of asbestos fibres.



Table 1: Test Pit Heavy Metal Analytical Results¹

	Arsenic	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Lead	Nickel	Zinc
TP1 (1.0m)	4,7	<0.4	14	14	27	12	52
TP1 (2.0m)	<2	<0.4	<5	<5	11	<5	9.2
TP2 (1.5m)	3.8	<0.4	17	15	34	14	50
TP2 (3.0m)	4.6	<0.4	22	16	21	9.2	43
TP2 (5.0m)	<2	<0.4	<5	<5	7.5	<5	7.1
TP3 (1.0m)	3	<0.4	22	14	14	25	56
TP3 (2.5m)	3.7	<0.4	14	9.5	11	12	21
TP3 (6.0m)	<2	<0.4	5.3	7.5	21	<5	15
TP4 (0.5m)	3.9	<0.4	16	14	11	18	34
TP4 (2.0m)	3	<0.4	12	7.5	8.6	9.9	16
TP4 (3.5m)	<2	<0.4	<5	<5	8.6	<5	6
TP5 (1.0m)	3.1	<0.4	10	13	11	11	26
TP5 (2.0m)	<2	<0.4	<5	<5	12	<5	8.9
TP5 (3.0m)	<2	<0.4	<5	<5	7.8	<5	6.4
TP6 (0.5m)	3,5	<0.4	13	12	8.4	12	24
TP7 (0.5m)	4.4	<0.4	14	17	16	12	31
TP8 (0.5m)	3.6	<0.4	13	13	15	12	20
TP8 (1.0m)	4.9	<0.4	15	34	47	18	56
TP8 (2.0m)	3	<0.4	<5	<5	5.5	<5	8.2
TP8 (2.2m)	4.6	<0.4	5.6	<5	12	<5	5.9
TP9 (0.5m)	5	<0.4	16	12	9.4	13	17
TP9 (1.5m)	7.5	<0.4	13	21	15	8.1	29
TP10 (0.5m)	3.2	<0.4	36	19	19	42	47
TP10 (1.2m)	3.5	<0.4	20	12	8.7	5.8	30
TP11 (0.5m)	3.3	<0.4	14	14	9.7	14	26
TP11 (1.0m)	3.5	<0.4	13	15	11	13	75
TP11 (1.5m)	3.5	<0.4	16	12	11	15	20
TP12 (0.5m)	3.1	<0.4	17	14	14	19	27
TP12 (1.5m)	3.9	<0.4	20	15	12	20	31
NES ²	20	3	460	>10,000	210	NL	NL
AUP(OP)3	100	7.5	400	325	250	105	400
Background ⁴	0.4-12	<0.1-0.65	2-55	1-45	<5-65	0.9-35	9-18

Notes follow Table 3 below.



Table 3: Test Pit Organic Compound Analytical Results

	∑DDT ⁵	Dieldrin	BaP ⁶
TP1 (1.0m)	0.01	<0.01	0.12
TP1 (2.0m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP2 (1.5m)	0.02	0.04	0.76
TP2 (3.0m)	0.01	<0.01	ND
TP2 (5.0m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP3 (1.0m)	0.01	<0.01	0.07
TP3 (2.5m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP3 (6.0m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP4 (0.5m)	ND	<0.01	2.29
TP4 (2.0m)	ND	<0.01	0.07
TP4 (3.5m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TPS (1.0m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP5 (2.0m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP5 (3.0m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP6 (0.5m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP7 (0.5m)	0.04	<0.01	1.06
TP8 (0.5m)	ND	<0.01	0.05
TP8 (1.0m)	ND	0.01	0.10
TP8 (2.0m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP8 (2.2m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP9 (0.5m)	ND	<0.01	3.05
TP9 (1.5m)	ND	<0.01	0.0004
TP10 (0.5m)	ND	<0.01	0.19
TP10 (1.2m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP11 (0.5m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP11 (1.0m)	NĎ	<0.01	0.005
TP11 (1.5m)	ND	<0.01	ND
TP12 (0.5m)	ND	<0.01	0.17
TP12 (1.5m)	ND	<0.01	0.24
NES ²	70	2.6	10
AUP(OP)3	12	2.7	20
Background ⁴	ND	ND	ND



Notes:

- 1. All concentrations measured in mg/kg.
- National Environmental Standards (NES) for assessing and managing contaminants in soil to protect human health – Residential 10% Produce (Reference 1).
- 3. Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) Table E.30.6.1.4.2 Permitted activity soil acceptance criteria
- 4. Auckland Regional Council Technical Publication No.153 (2001) (Reference 7).
- 5. Total ΣDDT includes the sum of DDT, DDD and DDE isomers. (Reference 5)
- For benzo(a)pyrene the equivalent BaP concentration is calculated as the sum of each of the detected concentrations of nine carcinogenic PAHs multiplied by their respective potency equivalency factors as per Table 40 of The Methodology.
- Values in BOLD exceed the NES criteria, values in BOLD exceed the AUP(OP), Values in BOLD exceed the Background Ranges.
- 8. NA = Not applicable / NL = No Limit / ND= not detected

Table 4: Asbestos Analytical Results

	Asbestos Detected	% Weight/ weight
TP1 (1.0m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP2 (1.5m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP3 (1.0m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP4 (0.5m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP5 (1.0m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP7 (0.5m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP8 (0.5m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP9 (0.5m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP9 (1.5m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
PT10 (0.5m)	Not Detected	Detected
TP11 (0.5m)	Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragments and loose fibre bundles	<0.001%
TP11 (1.0m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
TP12 (0.5m)	Not Detected	<0.001%
BRANZ Guidelines		0.001% w/w

Notes:

- BRANZ New Zealand Guidelines for Assessing and Managing Asbestos in Soil Tier 1 Risk Assessment threshold for friable asbestos (FA) and asbestos fines (AF) for all site users
- 2. Concentrations measured in dry weight / weight percentage
- 3. values in BOLD exceed the Tier 1 Threshold.



Table 5: Surface Soil Sample Analytical Results¹

	Arsenic	Copper	Lead	∑DDT ⁵
SC1	<2	<5	<5	ND
5C2	7.4	23	19	ND
SC3	<2	8.6	7.6	ND
SS1	8.4	12	22	ND
SS2	6.8	12	21	0.01
.553	7.	11	19	ND
\$\$4	13	28	19	ND
SSS	<2	<5	9.4	ND
SS6	<2	15	6.5	ND
\$\$7	<2	7.1	5.7	ND
\$\$8	(s)	~	18	(3)
SS9	1<		15	-
5510			19	
5511	9	~	17	~
NES ²	20	>10,000	210	70
AUP(OP)3	100	325	250	12
Background ⁴	0.4-12	1-45	<5-65	ND

Notes:

- 1. All concentrations measured in mg/kg.
- 2. National Environmental Standards (NES) for assessing and managing contaminants in soil to protect human health Residential 10% Produce (Reference 1).
- 3. Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) Table E.30.6.1.4.2 Permitted activity soil acceptance criteria
- 4. Auckland Regional Council Technical Publication No.153 (2001) (Reference 7).
- 5. Total ΣDDT includes the sum of DDT, DDD and DDE isomers. (Reference 5)
- Values in BOLD exceed the NES criteria, values in BOLD exceed the AUP(OP), Values in BOLD exceed the Background Ranges.
- 7. NA = Not applicable / NL = No Limit / ND= not detected



11 CONCLUSIONS

Geosciences Ltd carried out a detailed site investigation (DSI) in accordance with the MfE Contaminated Land Management Guidelines on the piece of land encompassed by 151 and 155-157 Brigham Creek Road and 69 Trig Road, Whenuapai.

As a result of the former HAIL activities that have been historically, or are currently, undertaken at the site as identified in previous investigation, GSL developed a conceptual model of the potential for soil contamination that may have occurred, or be occurring, at the site.

The conceptual model identified that the site had been the location of horticultural activities, including the potential for the storage and use of persistent pesticides (HAIL Item A.10), and had been subject to the importation of up to 14,000 m³ of unverified fill material, which can be encompassed by Item I on the MfE HAIL. Additionally, septic tanks and effluent disposal fields associated with residential landuse were identified (Item G.5).

Based on the conceptual model intrusive investigation included the systematic grid based test pit investigation into the identified area of unverified filling and judgemental targeted soil sampling around farm sheds and areas of potential use of persistent pesticides in order to augment the previous investigation into the sites historical horticultural landuse. The intrusive investigation included the collection of 29 discrete soil samples from various depths in 12 test pits excavated through the fill, the collection of 11 surface soil samples in order to assess potential hotspots identified in the conceptual model, and the collection of 3 composite soil samples from horticultural blocks.

Soil samples were analysed for the contaminants of concern identified in the conceptual model and analysis revealed that:

- No soil sample returned a concentration of any contaminant of concern in excess of the NES residential soil contaminant standard or the AUP(OP) permitted activity soil acceptance standards;
- soil samples from within the unverified fill returned detectable concentrations of OCPs and PAHs well within the applicable human health and environmental acceptance criteria;
- one soil sample from within the fill returned detectable asbestos fibres below the BRANZ Tier 1 human health threshold for AF/FA for all site users;
- discrete soil samples from potential hotspots returned one concentration of arsenic marginally above the expected background range; and
- one composite soil samples returned a trace detection of ∑DDT

As no soil sample returned a concentration of any contaminant of concern in excess of the NES residential 10% SCS or the AUP(OP) permitted activity soil acceptance standards, GSL concludes that the proposed change in landuse, subdivision and development is highly unlikely to result in any risk to human health or the environment.

GSL notes that the septic tanks and effluent disposal systems associated with the residential dwellings on site remain unassessed, the provisions for their removal and validation are addressed in the SMP accompanying this DSI.



11.1 THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS (NES)

With respect to the majority of the site, outside the areas of effluent disposal, detailed in Section 12 below, no soil samples returned concentrations of contaminants in excess of the applicable NES landuse standards, the detection of contaminants of concern above the expected naturally occurring background concentration ranges the Regulations of the NES will be applicable to the proposed change in landuse, subdivision and development.

While no soil sample returned a concentration of any contaminant of concern in excess of the most conservative applicable NES SCS, it is highly unlikely that the proposed change in landuse, subdivision and development will result in a risk to human health, as a result GSL concludes that the change in landuse and subdivision can be considered as a Permitted Activity under Regulation 8(4) of the NES.

Soil disturbance works including site wide earthworks and, if required, screening and offsite removal of unsuitable fill materials on 69 Trig Road will likely require Resource Consent as a Controlled Activity under Regulation 9 of the.

In order to address the requirements of Regulation 9 a site management plan (SMP) is required which will document the controls to be in place for the protection of human health and the environment as a result of the potential mobilisation of contaminants in soil during soil disturbance on site.

With respect to the onsite effluent disposal systems, due to the small scale of disturbance required to remove the systems, and the low risk to human health involved in the works, GSL considers that the decommissioning and removal of domestic wastewater treatment systems can readily fall within the remit of a Controlled Activity under Regulation 9 of the NES.

11.2 THE AUCKLAND UNITARY PLAN (OPERATIVE IN PART) (AUP(OP))

As no soil sample returned a concentration of any contaminant of concern in excess of the AUP(OP) permitted activity soil acceptance criteria, the piece of land does not meet the Auckland Council definition of contaminated land. As a result, the contaminated land rules of Chapter E.30 of the AUP(OP) will not be applicable to the proposed change in landuse, subdivision and development.

As the decommissioning of the septic tanks and effluent disposal fields are low risk activities and involve only small scale soil disturbance GSL considers that these works falls within the requirements of a permitted activity under Rule E.30.6.1.2 of the AUP(OP).

Rule E.30.6.1.2 allows for the disturbance and offsite disposal of actually or potentially contaminated soil as a permitted activity while the following provisions are met:

- 1. "The volume of soil disturbed must not exceed:
 - a. 200 m³ per site; or
 - b. 200 m³ per project for sites or roads with multiple concurrent land disturbance projects, where the cumulative total volume of soil disturbance associated with each given project will be used when determining activity status; or
 - c. an average depth and width of 1 m for linear trenching by network utilities in the road or rail corridor. For the purposes of this rule the rail corridor does not include land more than 10 m from the rail tracks.
- 2. Prior to the activity commencing:



- a. the Council must be advised of the activity in writing if the volumes of soil disturbed on land containing elevated levels of contaminants exceeds 25 m³, including details of the measures and controls to be implemented to minimise discharges of contaminants to the environment, and such controls are to be effective for duration of the activity and until the soil is reinstated to an erosion-resistant state; and
- control on linear trenching must be implemented to manage discharges to the environment from trenches acting as migration pathways for contaminants;
- Any discharge from land containing elevated levels of contaminants must not contain separate phase liquid contaminants including separate phase hydrocarbons.
- 4. The duration of the soil disturbance on a site must not exceed two months.
- Any contaminated material removed from the site must be disposed of at a facility or site authorised to accept such materials."



12 REFERENCES

- Ministry for the Environment (2003) Contaminated Land Management Guidelines No.1: Reporting on contaminated Sites in New Zealand. Ministry for the Environment, Wellington, New Zealand.
- 2. Ministry for the Environment (2003) *Contaminated Land Management Guidelines No.5:*Site Investigation and Analysis of Soils. Ministry for the Environment, Wellington, New Zealand.
- 3. Ministry for the Environment (2012) Users Guide National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health. Ministry for the Environment, Wellington, New Zealand.
- 4. Ministry for the Environment (2011) *Methodology for Deriving Standards for contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health.* Ministry for the Environment, Wellington, New Zealand.
- 5. Auckland Council (2013) *Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part)*, Auckland, New Zealand.
- 6. Auckland Regional Council (2001) *Background Concentrations of Inorganic Elements in Soils from the Auckland region (TP153)* Auckland.
- 7. Edbrooke, S.W (2001) *Geology of the Auckland Urban Area,* Institute of Geological and Nuclear Sciences Geological Map 3, Lower Hutt, New Zealand.
- 8. Auckland Council (2011) *Auckland Council GEOMAPS*. http://geomapspublic.aucklandcouncil.govt.nz/viewer/index.html
- 9. Ministry for the Environment (rev 2011) Guidelines for Assessing and Managing Petroleum Hydrocarbon Contaminated Sites in New Zealand. Ministry for the Environment, Wellington, New Zealand.



13 LIMITATIONS

The conclusions and all information in this Report are given strictly in accordance with and subject to the following limitations and recommendations:

- 1. The assessment undertaken to form this conclusion is limited to the scope of work agreed between GSL and the client, or the client's agent as outlined in this Report. This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of the client and neither the whole nor any part of this report may be used or relied upon by any other party except for territorial authorities in their duties under the Resource Management Act 1991.
- 2. The investigations carried out for the purposes of the report have been undertaken, and the report has been prepared, in accordance with normal prudent practice and by reference to applicable environmental regulatory authority and industry standards, guidelines and assessment criteria in existence at the date of this report.
- 3. This report should be read in full and no excerpts are to be taken as representative of the findings. No responsibility is accepted by GSL for use of any part of this report in any other context.
- 4. This Report was prepared on the dates and times as referenced in the report and is based on the conditions encountered on the site and information reviewed during the time of preparation. GSL accepts no responsibility for any changes in site conditions or in the information reviewed that have occurred after this period of time.
- 5. Where this report indicates that information has been provided to GSL by third parties, GSL has made no independent verification of this information except as expressly stated in the report. GSL assumes no liability for any inaccuracies in or omissions to that information.
- 6. Given the limited Scope of Works, GSL has only assessed the potential for contamination resulting from past and current known uses of the site.
- 7. Environmental studies identify actual sub-surface conditions only at those points where samples are taken and when they are taken. Actual conditions between sampling locations or differ from those inferred. The actual interface between materials may be far more gradual or abrupt than an assessment indicates. Actual conditions in areas not sampled may differ from that predicted. Nothing can be done to prevent the unanticipated and GSL does not guarantee that contamination does not exist at the site.
- 8. Except as otherwise specifically stated in this report, GSL makes no warranty or representation as to the presence or otherwise of asbestos and/or asbestos containing materials ("ACM") on the site. If fill has been imported on to the site at any time, or if any buildings constructed prior to 1970 have been demolished on the site or materials from such buildings disposed of on the site, the site may contain asbestos or ACM.
- 9. No investigations have been undertaken into any off-site conditions, or whether any adjoining sites may have been impacted by contamination or other conditions originating from this site. The conclusion set out above is based solely on the information and findings contained in this report.
- 10. Except as specifically stated above, GSL makes no warranty, statement or representation of any kind concerning the suitability of the site for any purpose or the permissibility of any use, development or re-development of the site.
- 11. The investigation and remediation of contaminated sites is a field in which legislation and interpretation of legislation is changing rapidly. Our interpretation of the investigation findings should not be taken to be that of any other party. When approval from a statutory authority is required for a project, that approval should be directly sought by the client.
- 12. Use, development or re-development of the site for any purpose may require planning and other approvals and, in some cases, environmental regulatory authority and accredited site auditor approvals. GSL offers no opinion as to whether the current use has any or all approvals required, is operating in accordance with any approvals, the likelihood of obtaining any approvals, or the conditions and obligations which such approvals may impose, which may include the requirement for additional environmental works.
- 13. GSL makes no determination or recommendation regarding a decision to provide or not to provide financing with respect to the site. The on-going use of the site and/or use of the site for any different purpose may require the owner/user to manage and/or remediate site conditions, such as contamination and other conditions, including but not limited to conditions referred to in this report.
- 14. Except as required by law, no third party may use, or rely on, this report unless otherwise agreed by GSL in writing. Where such agreement is provided, GSL will provide a letter of reliance to the agreed third party in the form required by GSL.
- 15. To the extent permitted by law, GSL expressly disclaims and excludes liability for any loss, damage, cost or expenses suffered by any third party relating to or resulting from the use of, or reliance on, any information contained in this Report. GSL does not admit that any action, liability or claim may exist or be available to any third party.
- 16. Except as specifically stated in this section, GSL does not authorise the use of this report by any third party.



FIGURES

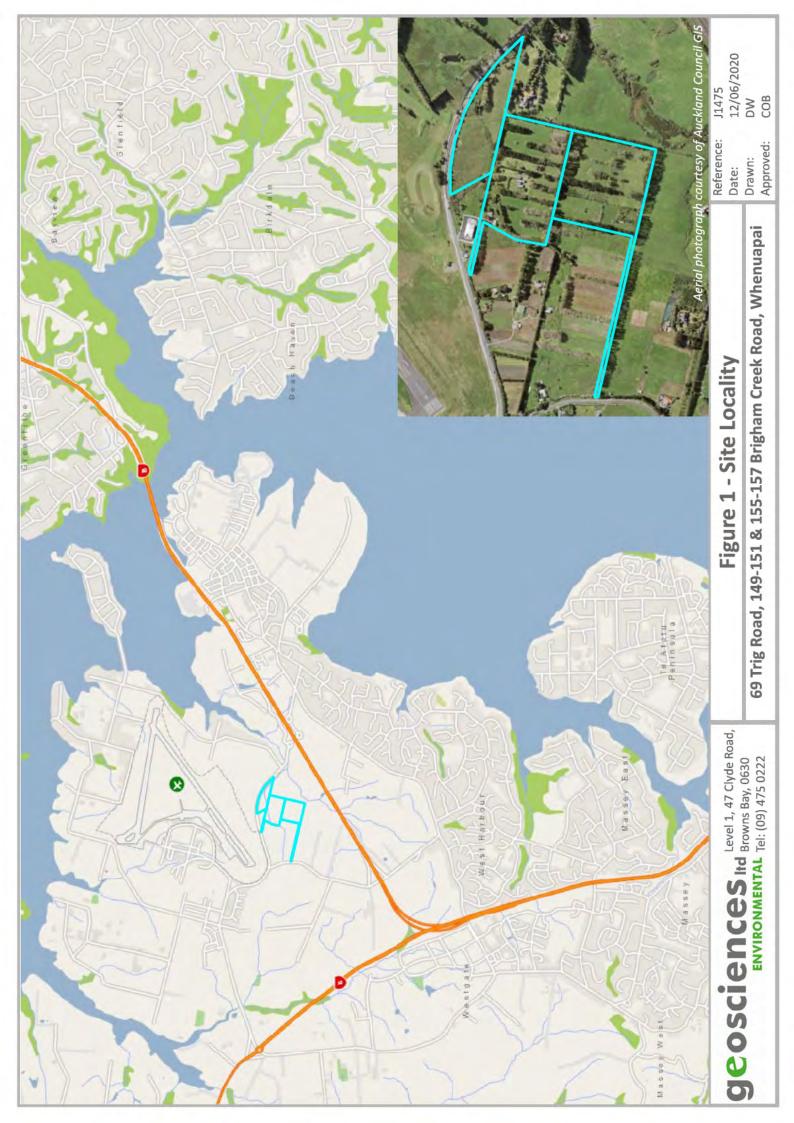




Figure 2 - Site Infrastructure

69 Trig Road, 149-151 & 155-157 Bridgham Creek Road, Whenuapai

DW Approved: Drawn: Date:

12/06/2020

COB

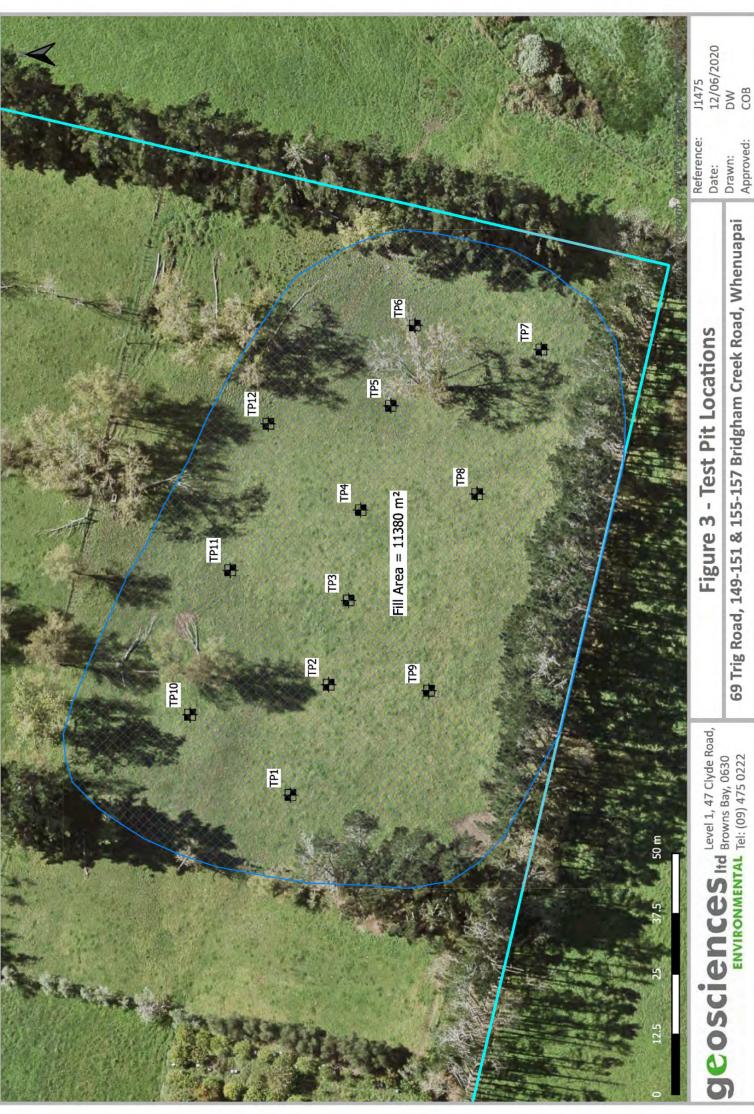


Figure 3 - Test Pit Locations

69 Trig Road, 149-151 & 155-157 Bridgham Creek Road, Whenuapai

12/06/2020

DW



Figure 4 - Soil Sample Locations

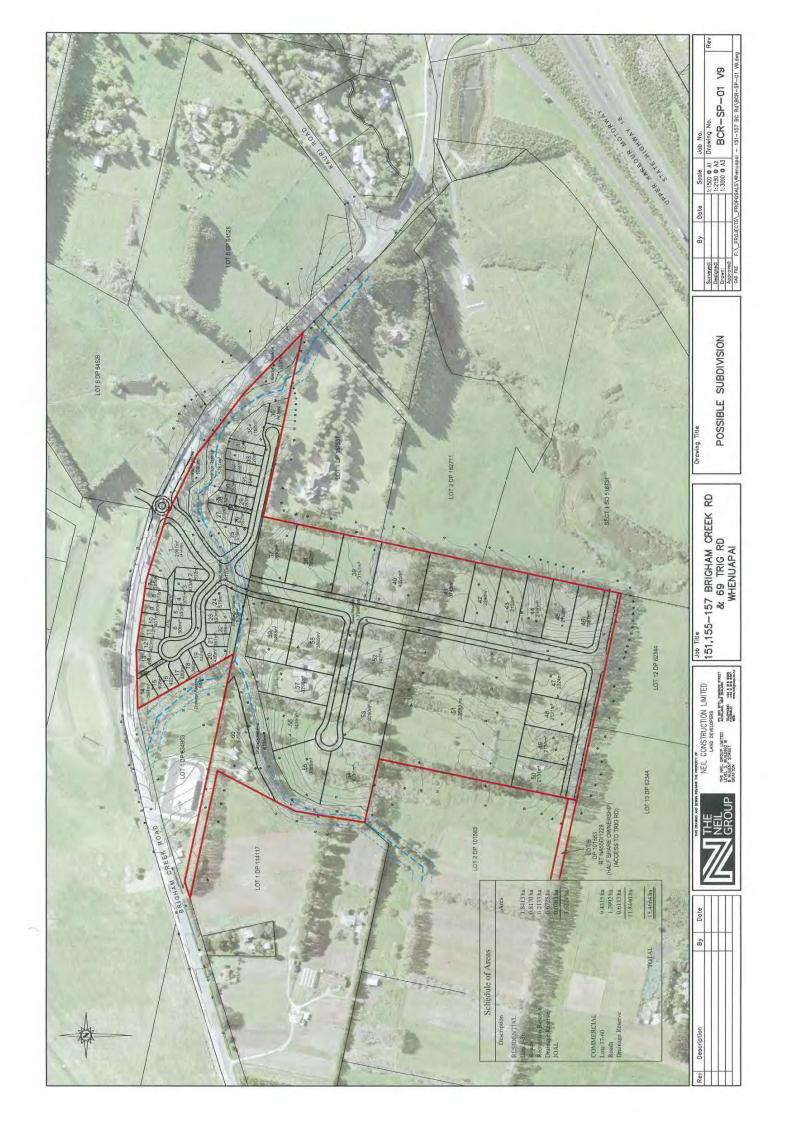
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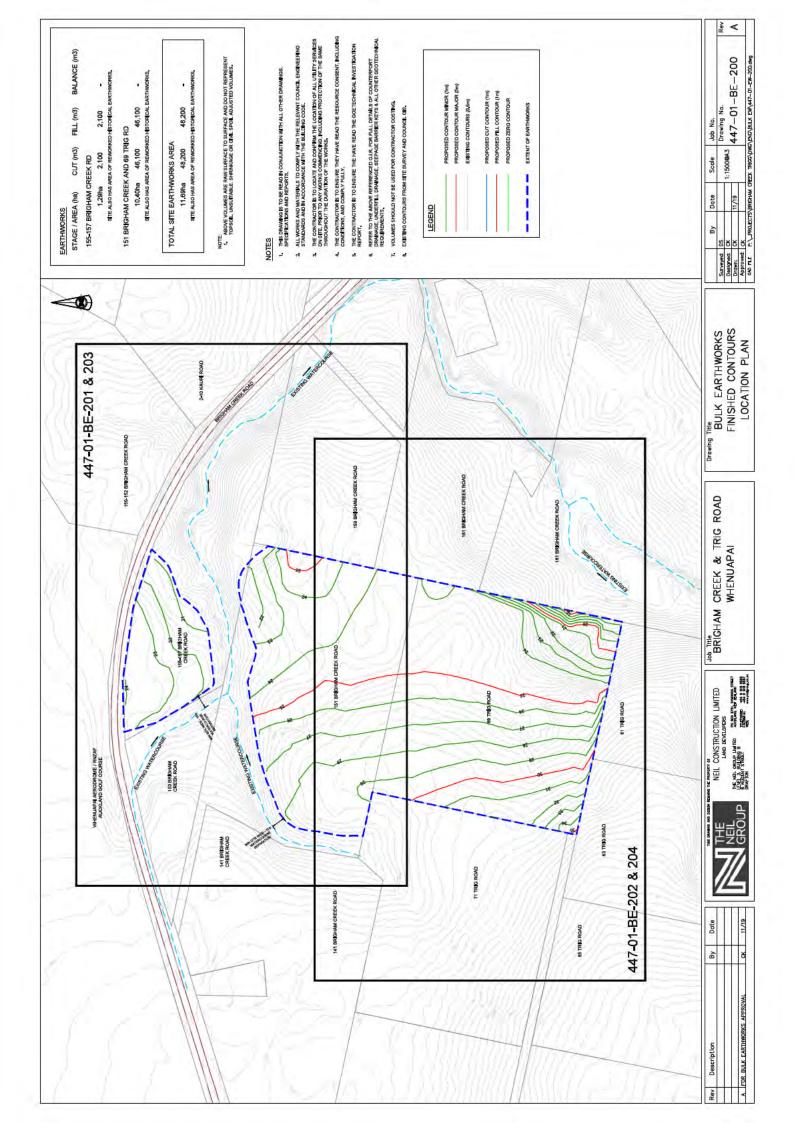
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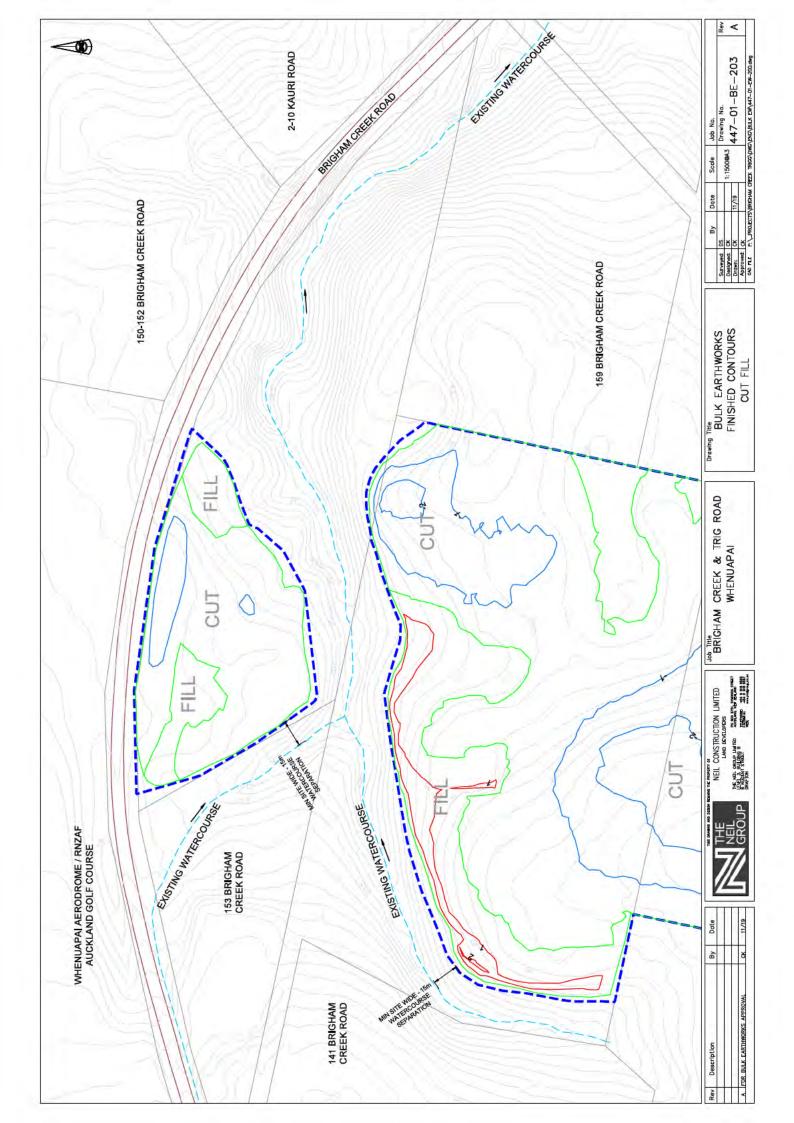
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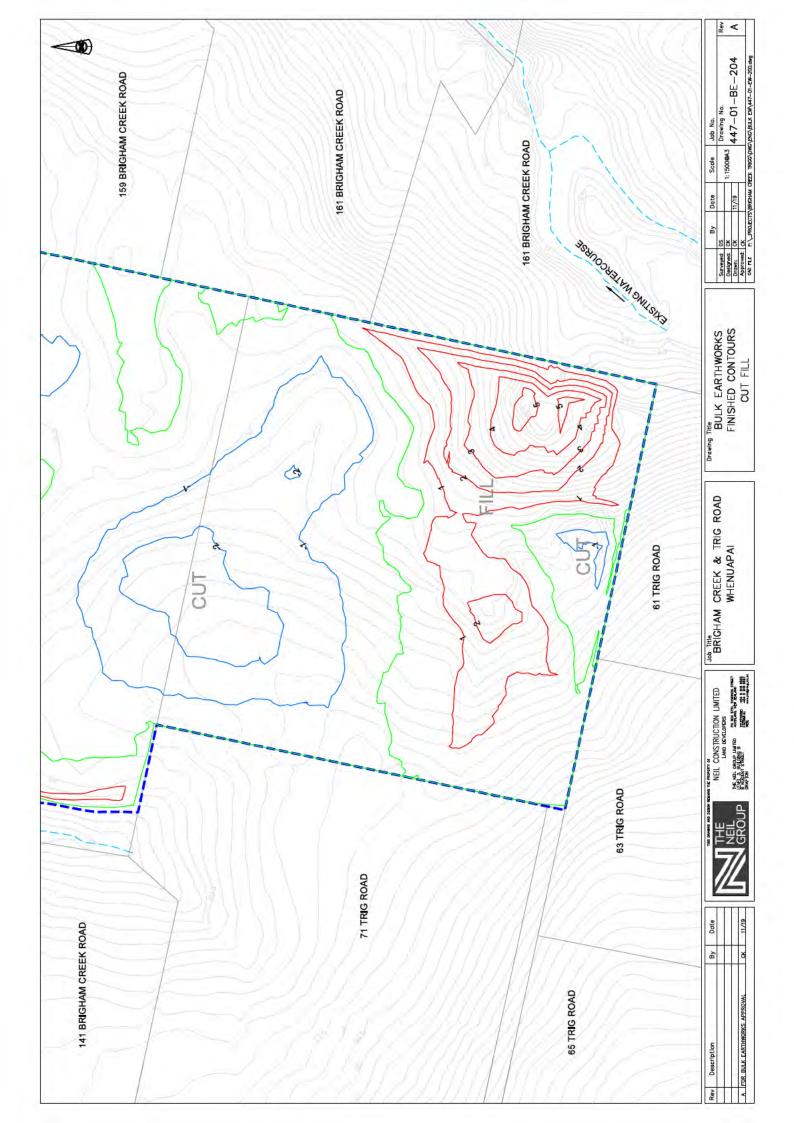


APPENDIX A PROPOSED SCHEME PLAN











APPENDIX B PREVIOUS INVESTIGATION



Table 1: Analytical Results¹

	Arsenic	Copper	Lead
SC1	3.90	7.12	18.1
SC2	3.81	11.3	14.1
SC3	1.34	2.46	4,73
SC4	1.78	6.05	6.81
SC5	0.955	3.73	4.81
SC6	2.57	4.08	11.0
SC7	0.599	1.96	3.63
SC8	2.33	10.5	15.7
551	4.21	12.8	15.5
NES ²	20	>10,000	210
AUP(OP)3	100	325	250
Background ⁴	0.4-12	1-45	<5-65

Notes:

- 1. All concentrations measured in mg/kg.
- 2. National Environmental Standards for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil for the Protection of Human Health Residential landuse with 10% homegrown produce.
- 3. Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) Table E.30.6.1.4.1 Permitted Activity Soil Acceptance Criteria
- Auckland Regional Council Technical Publication No. 153
- Values in BOLD exceed the NES criteria, values in BOLD exceed the AUP(OP) criteria, values in BOLD exceed the background ranges
- 6. NA = Not applicable / NL = No limit / ND = not detected

6.1 HEAVY METALS

All soil samples returned concentrations of heavy metals within the expected naturally occurring background concentration ranges for volcanic soils in the Auckland Region.

6.2 ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDES (OCPS)

All soil samples returned concentrations of OCPs below the laboratory limit of reporting.



7 POTENTIAL FOR CONTAMINATION

Based on the findings of the intrusive soil sampling GSL concludes that horticultural activity on the site is highly unlikely to have resulted in any distinct contamination issues that may result in a potential risk to human health or the environment.

Following the completion of this investigation, GSL has identified the following source of potential contamination on site:

- Unverified fill material;
- Potential hotspots around storage sheds
- Possible utilisation of Asbestos Containing Materials within the construction of the house; and
- Presence of a septic tank and effluent disposal system associated with the residential house.

An assessment of the likely extents and issues associated with each of these items is discussed in turn below based on GSL' experience in similar situations. In addition, GSL has provided an assessment of the general condition of the site as it pertains to risk.

7.1 UNVERIFIED FILL MATERIAL

Due to time constraints relating to site access and the due diligence period GSL conducted the site inspection prior to receipt of the property file, as such the presence and extent of unverified fill on site was not known at the time of the inspection and visual inspection of this area did not show any clear evidence of fill as it has been well contoured into the surrounding landuse. Therefore, the fill horizon was not explicitly sampled as part of the limited soil sampling regime undertaken.

GSL notes that based the above testimony provided represents a visual inspection of the surface of a considerable volume of soil only. No soil sampling or consideration was given beyond visual and olfactory considerations and as such, GSL considers that the potential for soil contamination within the fill has not adequately been assessed under current industry best practice.

The potential for heavy metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, and organochlorine pesticides (OCPs) alongside asbestos containing materials to be present in the fill. While consent was granted for the spreading of the stockpiled material and re-contouring of the filed area in 2012, there is no record of and soil sampling or analysis of that material. A copy of the plans for the spreading of fill from this 2012 activity were included on the property file and are appended alongside the remaining property file items.

In addition, and while composite soil sample SC8 was collected from the topsoil horizon in the filled area, the composite soil sample was analysed for horticultural contaminants of concern only and was restricted to the surface 0-150 mm. Estimates in the property file suggest that between 13,005 m³ and 15,000 m³ of fill may be present and spread over an area of approximately 11,306 m² in the southeast corner of 69 Trig Road. Unverified fill is encompassed under Item I of the MfE HAIL.

Any future change in landuse, subdivision and development in the filled area will require an appropriately detailed site investigation to appropriately assess residual soil quality. As noted above the source sites for the imported material was not documented or known, as such a wide range of potential contaminants should be considered in any investigation of the fill, GSL recommends that the

LtR-1331/DDI/Mar19 10



fill area should be subject to a detailed site investigation undertaken in accordance with the MfE Contaminated Land Management Guidelines, which should include the excavation of test pits across the full extent of the fill and the collection of representative soil samples from a minimum of 20 locations in order to provide a suitably conservative risk assessment of the quality of the fill. GSL notes the DSI should include analysis of soil samples for contaminants of concern as follows: heavy metals, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), OCPs and asbestos.

7.2 POTENTIAL HOTSPOTS AROUND STORAGE SHEDS

GSL notes that potential for hotspots in and around the storage sheds on 69 Trig Road exist. One soil sample was collected in what was considered a 'worst case scenario' during the site inspection, however this is not considered a comprehensive coverage of the full extent of the sheds themselves. Further sampling will be required in this area to meet the threshold for a detailed site investigation prior to any future development of the site should the sale and purchase be agreed upon.

7.3 ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS IN BUILDINGS

ACM has been widely used in an array of building materials for an extensive period of New Zealand's building materials history. While its use was widely concluded by 1990, New Zealand legislation notes that its use cannot be ruled out on buildings constructed prior to 1 January 2000. As a result, the presence of asbestos within the dwellings cannot be ruled out.

With regards to ACM, the potential for soil contamination is only present if ACM is in deteriorated or broken condition. No broken or degraded ACM was identified during the site inspection suggesting that if ACM is present within the building, it is most likely in good condition and doesn't represent a significant risk of soil contamination.

ACM is only likely to impact soil immediately adjacent to the dwelling and as such are not considered to present any significant potential for gross soil contamination across the site as a whole.

With respect to the demolition of any building constructed prior to 1999 the *Health and Safety at Work (Asbestos) Regulations 2016, demands* a fully intrusive pre-demolition hazardous building materials survey to be undertaken before demolition works can commence. The survey must be conducted by a suitably WorkSafe NZ licensed asbestos assessor, and will identify the location and extent of any hazardous building materials, specifically ACM. Should ACM be identified in the survey then asbestos removal works will be required prior to the demolition of the dwelling, the removal must be completed by an appropriately licensed asbestos removal contractor and under the controls of an asbestos removal control plan (to be provided by the appointed contractor. The hazardous building materials survey will form the basis of any asbestos removal control plan.

7.4 EFFLUENT DISPOSAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Domestic effluent disposal infrastructure is considered to be encompassed under Items G.5 and G.6 of the MfE HAIL as waste disposal to land. Should the existing long drop, septic tanks and disposal fields require decommissioning and removal as part of the proposed future development, works in these areas will need to address the requirement of the NES and Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative In Part) with respect to contamination regulations.

LtR-1331/DDI/Mar19 11



Effluent disposal fields are likely to result in small scale impacts limited to the topsoil horizon where the effluent liquor is dispersed. In GSL's experience, impacts are unlikely to extend beyond the boundaries of the disposal field and generally do not exceed 400 mm in depth, meaning that a small localised area will likely require remedial earthworks during decommissioning. Impacts are considered unlikely to be pervasive across a large area, Auckland Council pump out reports note the location of the septic tanks, however do not show the location of the related disposal fields. Drainage plans in the property file indicate locations of the disposal fields however no as built plans were contained and the exact extent of disposal fields is not known.

7.5 GENERAL SITE CONDITION

As set out in the site inspection section above, GSL notes that numerous locations on site contain end of life farm equipment and other miscellaneous discarded items (whiteware, plastics, timbers etc) including at least 4 shipping containers. GSL notes that the total volume of these materials would be considered significant and should they not be removed from site by the current landowners, would represent a liability to Neil Construction Ltd during site preparation as they will require disposal.

GSL recommends that any sale and purchase agreement should include a provision that vendor is responsible for the clearance of all refuse, building materials and machinery currently on the site.

8 RISK ASSESSMENT

With respect to the piece of land assessed, GSL notes that the importation of at least 13,005 m³ of unverified fill onto the property at 69 Trig Road represents a moderate to high risk for Neil Construction Ltd. The considerable volume of fill does not have any associated laboratory transcripts and the stockpiles were only subject to visual surficial inspections. Given the fill may extent to 5m below relative ground level, considerable further assessment will be required in this area to determine its applicability for future landuse.

While potentially contaminating activities have been identified in the remaining properties located at GSL assesses the risks associated with actual and potential contamination on the piece of land located at 149-151 and 155-157 Brigham Creek Road to be low. That is, localised discrete areas of the site are more likely than not to have been impacted by both current and historical activities, however, GSL does not consider these impacts to be pervasive, rather, that localised investigation and remediation will be required as part of any proposed change in landuse, subdivision or development.

9 OWNERS LIABILITY

Responsibilities for any contamination present on site will transfer to the new site owner following the completion of the vacant possession transaction. New Zealand legislation is based on a 'caveat emptor' principle, meaning buyer beware. Following the completion of the sale and purchase agreement, the new owner will be required to satisfy any requirements of the NES, and the Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) in respect of soil contamination on site

LtR-1331/DDI/Mar19 12



10 **CONCLUSIONS**

GSL has undertaken an environmental due diligence investigation, in general accordance with the MfE Contaminated Land Management Guidelines, of the properties located at 149-151 and 155-157 Brigham Creek Road and 69 Trig Road, Whenuapai.

This investigation has identified potential sources of contamination on site, that overall would be considered to represent a moderate risk to Neil Construction Ltd, particularly the importation of unverified fill in the southern portion of 69 Trig Road. With respect to the findings of this investigation, the following actually and potentially contaminating activities have been identified:

- Potentially asbestos containing building materials utilised in the residential dwelling and garage on site.
- Onsite domestic waste water treatment systems (septic tanks and effluent disposal fields) relating to the dwellings, additionally a long drop toilet was identified during the site inspection in the southwest corner of 69 Trig Road.
- Unverified filling has been undertaken on the southeast corner of the site, within 69 Trig Road. While the material was visually assessed by an expert witness in court hearings as being consistent with cleanfill material, the source sites for the material is not known. GSL considers that the fill represents a potential source of contamination, should any future development of the site involve the disturbance of the fill then further investigation in this area will be required as described in Section 7.1 above.

While limited soil sampling undertaken as part of this investigation has indicated that former horticultural activities are highly unlikely to have resulted in contamination of the topsoil on site, considerable further investigation will be required to provide sufficient certainty for future residential development.

Thank you for the opportunity to carry out this investigation. Should you have any queries regarding this report please do not hesitate to contact us on 09 475 0222.

Report prepared on behalf of

GSL by:

Report reviewed on behalf of

GSL by:

David Wilkinson **Environmental Scientist**

Geosciences Ltd

Carl O'Brien **General Manager** Geosciences Ltd

LtR-1331/DDI/Mar19 13



APPENDIX C

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

Courtesy CMW Geotechnical

BOREHOLE LOG - HA01-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 18/03/2019



Borehole Location: Refer to site plan Sheet 1 of 1 Logged by: JMJ Position: E 1745248.4m N 5925965.4m Elevation: RL 26.00m Hole Diameter: 50mm Angle from horizontal: 90° Checked by: TG Survey Source: Datum: NZTM Measured onsite Structure & Other Observations Consistency/ Relative Density Material Description
Soil: Soil symbol; soil type: colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)
Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Drilling Method/ Support Dynamic Cone Penetrometer Samples & Insitu Tests Recovery Ê (Blows/100mm) Discontinuities: Depth: Defect Graphic L Well Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks Depth (Ζ 10 Type & Results Depth OL: TOPSOIL 26.0 CL: Gravelly CLAY: brown and orange. Low plasticity. (Fill) 25.8 0.4 Peak = UTP D to Peak = UTP ... at 0.90m, with trace topsoil. 1.2 Peak = 204+kPa 24.6 GC: GRAVEL with some clay: black and grey. (Fill) MD Peak = UTP 1.6 Borehole terminated at 1.6 m 2

Termination reason:

Unable to Penetrate Further

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.

BOREHOLE LOG - HA02-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 18/03/2019



Sheet 1 of 1 Borehole Location: Refer to site plan Position: E 1745291 5m N 5925975 4m Logged by: RD RI 18 00m Hole Diameter: 50mm Flevation: Angle from horizontal: 90° Checked by: TG Survey Source: Measured onsite NZTM Datum: Structure & Other Observations Consistency/ Relative Density Drilling Method/ Support Dynamic Cone Samples & Insitu Tests Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)

Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Recovery Ê (Blows/100mm) Discontinuities: Depth: Defect Well Graphic I Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks Depth (씸 10 Depth Type & Results 18.0 OL: TOPSOIL 17.7 CL: CLAY with some silt: dark brown, grey mottled 0.4 Peak = 217+kPa orange. Low plasticity. М Peak = 124kPa Residual = 53kPa 0.8 Peak = 56kPa Residual = 35kPa 1.2 16.8 CH: CLAY: grey streaked blackish brown. High plasticity. (Puketoka Formation)
... from 1.20m to 1.40m, organic stained with loose sand at 1.50m, with trace fine sand. Peak = 46kPa 1.6 Residual = 28kPa w 16.1 OH: CLAY: blackish grey. High plasticity. With fibrous, decomposing wood inclusions. 2.0 Peak = 28kPa 2 Residual = 15kPa (Puketoka Formation) 15.9 CH: CLAY: grey streaked blackish brown. High plasticity. (Puketoka Formation) 2.4 Peak = 40kPa Residual = 28kPa НА W to 2.8 Peak = 62kPa Residual = 15kPa V St Peak = UTP SM: Sandy SILT with minor clay: grey. Low plasticity. Sand is fine grained. (Waitemata Group) Peak = 124kPa Residual = 54kPa 3.6 14.3 CH: CLAY with minor fine sand: grey. High plasticity. Peak = 96kPa Residual = 59kPa 4.0 St W to Peak = 186kPa 4.4 Residual = 65kPa VSt 4.8 Peak = 112kPa Residual = 50kPa Borehole terminated at 5.0 m

Termination reason:

Target Depth Reached

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 2.9m.

BOREHOLE LOG - MH01-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019

Borehole Location: Refer to site plan Logged by: TK Checked by: TG Scale: 1:50 Sheet 1 of 2

Position: 1745319.0mE; 5925970.0mN Projection: NZTM Angle from horizontal: 90°

Florestion: 15 80m Patum: ALICKHT 1946 Survey Source: Hand Hold GRS

	Ele	vatio	n: 1	5.80m				Datum: AUCKHT 1946								Su	rve	ЭУ	Sc	urc	ce:	Н	land	Held GPS
Well	i de la companiona		Samp	les & Insitu Tests	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency/ Relative Density	We	athe	ring	Recovery	RaD	E:	stim	ated	1	S	Defect pacir (mm)	ng	Drilling Method/ Support	Structure & Other Observations Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect
		De	pth	Type & Resu l ts	교	Dep	Grap	Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Cor	Cons Relativ	RS	N N	SW	Rec	ır.	EW VW	≥ 2	· ω :	VS ES	<20 20 - 60	60.200 200.600	600-2000	Drilling	Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks
					15.8 15.7			TOPSOIL: brown. CH: Silty CLAY: with trace fine to medium sand; brown mottled light	D to					60										
		0	.5	Peak = 74kPa Residual = 36kPa		-		grey. High plasticity. (Uncontrolled Fill)	М	St				100									OB / PQ3	
		1	.0	Peak = 110kPa Residual = 53kPa	14.6	1 -		CH: Silty CLAY: with trace fine to		VSt				100									ō	
			.5 .5	Peak = 63kPa Residual = 20kPa SPT = (4,4,10) N* =		-	×_×	medium sand; light brownish grey mottled orange. High plasticity. (Puketoka Formation)						68									SPT	- - - -
				14		2 -	X																0	- - - -
						-	ŶŢ X	at 2.20m, trace organic fragments <20 mm	M to W					98									OB / PQ3	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
			.0	Peak = 74kPa Residual = 30kPa		3 -	×— ×— ×— ×—																<u> </u>	
				SPT = (4,7,10) N* = 17		-	×							100									SPT	- - -
						4 -	×	at 3.70m, becoming bluish grey at 4.00m, becoming brownish						95									OB / PQ3	-
		4	.5	SPT = (3,3,3) N* =		_	× × ×	grey, minor fine to medium sand		St													jö	
			-5.5	6 Push Tube 1 U63		٠	× × ×	at 4.50m, becoming grey mottled orange.						100									SPT	
						5 -	×_^ ××							91									ne3	
						-	× ×							100									OB / PQ3	
		6	.0	SPT = (3,3,3) N* = 6		6 -	××							100									SPT	- - - -
						-	××																23	
						7 -	××	at 7.10m, becoming brownish grey mottled dark grey, minor	w					98									0B / PG	
		7	.5	SPT = (5,7,10) N* = 17	8.3	-	××:	medium to coarse sand. ML: Sandy SILT: with minor clay; bluish grey. Low plasticity. Medium	-					100									SPT	
						8 -	× × ×	to coarse sand. (Waitemata Group)																
						-	× × ×			VSt				100									OB / PQ3	=
		9	.0	SPT = (7,13,17) N* = 30		9 -	(_	
						-	(100									SPT	<u> </u>
						10 -	X X X							100									OB / PQ3	
	Tor	mino	ion	Reason: Tai	ract		th Do	pachad	1			Ħ	Ш			H	İ	Ħ	t	Ħ	Ħ	Ħ		1

Termination Reason: Target Depth Reached Shear Vane No: 1620 DCP No:

Remarks:



BOREHOLE LOG - MH01-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019

Borehole Location: Refer to site plan Logged by: TK Checked by: TG Scale: 1:50 Sheet 2 of 2

Position: 1745319.0mE; 5925970.0mN Projection: NZTM Angle from horizontal: 90°
Elevation: 15.80m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Survey Source: Hand Held GPS

*	1.0	100	15.80m ples & Insitu Tests	11		5	Material Description		sity	Weathe	ring		Survey Source: Estimated Defect Spacing		The state of the s
II DAA	Groundwater	Depth	Type & Results	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; collour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments, (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments, (origin/geological unit)	Moisture	Consistency/ Relative Density	234		ROD		S0052000 >2000 Drilling Method/ Support	Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defe Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Inf Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks
		10.5	SPT = (12,22,30) N* = 52	5,5	11 1	(*)	ML: Sandy SILT: bluish grey, Low plasticity. Medium to coarse sand. (Waitemata Group)				507			TAS	
					1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	X X X X X X X X			H		60			OB / PQ3	
		12.0	SPT = (17,28,32/70mm) N* = 50+		12	X X X X (X)							-	FPR	
				3,1	13	× ×	Grey, SANDSTONE. Weathered to a silty SAND, grey, medium to coarse. (Waitemata Group)				č			08 / PQ3	
		13.5	SPT = (29,50/55mm) Nc = 50+	2.3	14		Grey, SANDSTONE, Weathered to a sandy SILT grey mottled dark grey, low plasticity. (Waitemata Group)				•			TAS	
					15						204			тт/наз	
		15.6	SPT = (50/90mm) Nc = 50+	0,3			Grey, SANDSTONE, Weathered to a sitty SAND, grey, medium to coarse.				c			W D. H	
					16	********	(Waitemata Group)				6			TT/H03	
		17.0	SPT = (50/115mm) Nc = 50+		17					4			-	ω a. +	
					18						:4			TT / H03	
		18.5	SPT = (50/90mm) Nc = 50+										=	so a. H	
					19 —						007	1		TT/H03	
					20		Borehole terminated at 20.00 m								

Termination Reason: Target Depth Reached Shear Vane No: 1620 DCP No:

Remarks:

TEST PIT LOG - TP01-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019

Test Pit Location: Refer to site plan Logged by: JW Checked by: TG Scale: 1:25 Sheet 1 of 1

Position: 1745206.0mE; 5925974.0mN Projection: NZTM Pit Dimensions: 3.0m by 2.0m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Survey Source: Hand Held GPS Elevation: Elevation: 27.00m Consistency/ Relative Density Structure & Other Observations Dynamic Cone Samples & Insitu Tests Groundwater Material Description
Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)
Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Moisture Condition $\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ (Blows/100mm) Discontinuities: Depth: Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks Depth 凇 Depth Type & Results 27.0 OL: TOPSOIL 26.8 ML: Clayey SILT: brown, orange, grey and black. Low plasticity. Trace gravel, concrete and old drain pipe. (Uncontrolled Fill) 0.5 Peak = UTP Peak = >200kPa Residual = 48kPa 1.0 CH: CLAY with some silt: light grey streaked orange. High plasticity. (Puketoka Formation) VSt to Peak = 224+ kPa М 1.5 2.0 Peak = 192kPa Residual = 112kPa 2.5 Peak = 163kPa Residual = 74kPa 24.4 MH: Clayey SILT: light grey mottled orange. High plasticity. (Puketoka Formation) 3.0 Peak = 144kPa Residual = 51kPa Test pit terminated at 3.00 m

Termination Reason: Target depth reached Shear Vane 2081 DCP No: No: Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.



TEST PIT LOG - TP02-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019



Position: 1745227.0mE; 5926000.0mN Projection: NZTM Pit Dimensions: 3.0m by 2.5m Elevation: Elevation: 25.50m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Survey Source: Hand Held GPS

	=ievau	on:Elevation:	25.5	oum		Datum: AUCKHT 1946	Sui		irce.	П	and	Held GPS
Groundwater	Samı	oles & Insitu Tests	RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional	Moisture Condition	Consistency/ Relative Density	Dynan Penet (Blows	nic Co romet /100m	ne ter nm)	Structure & Other Observations Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect
Grour	Depth	Type & Results	로 25.5	Dep	Grap	comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) OL: TOPSOIL	Con	Consi	5 10	15	20	Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks
	0.5	Peak = 48kPa Residual = 13kPa	25.3	-		CH: Silty CLAY with minor topsoil: brown streaked orange and grey. Rootlets. Trace organics. Very loosely compacted. (Uncontrolled Fill)	м	F				
•	1.0	Peak = 77kPa Residua l = 29kPa		1 -	-	at 1.00m, perched groundwater and trace organics						
	1.5	Peak = 51kPa Residual = 19kPa	24.0	- - - - -	×	CH: Organic stained Silty CLAY with some organics: dark grey streaked black. Highly plasticity. (Puketoka Formation)	M to W	St				
	2.0	Peak = 83kPa Residual = 29kPa		2 -	××	Test pit terminated at 2.00 m						-2.0m: yellow nova coil at the —base of test pit
				-								
				3 -								
				-								
				-								
				4 -								
				- -								
				5 —		early due to nove coil encountered						

Termination Reason: Terminated early due to nova coil encountered. Shear Vane

No: 2081 DCP No: Remarks: Perched groundwater at 1.0m.



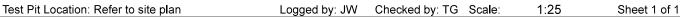
TEST PIT LOG - TP03-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019



Position: 1745219.0mE; 5926036.0mN Projection: NZTM Pit Dimensions: 3.0m by 2.0m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Survey Source: Hand Held GPS Elevation: Elevation: 25.40m Consistency/ Relative Density Structure & Other Observations Dynamic Cone Samples & Insitu Tests Material Description
Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)
Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Groundwater Moisture Condition $\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ (Blows/100mm) Discontinuities: Depth: Defect Graphic L Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks Depth 귒 Type & Results Depth OL: TOPSOIL 25.4 25.2 CH: Silty CLAY with trace organics: orange, brown, grey and black. High plasticity. Trace pipe, trace concrete. Loosely compacted. at 0.30m, large block of concrete, 0.4m x 0.4m Peak = 72kPa Residua**l** = 29kPa 0.5 St Peak = 80kPa Residual = 32kPa 1.0 24.2 CH: CLAY with minor silt: grey streaked orange. High plasticity. Trace rootlets and trace organics.
(Puketoka Formation) Peak = 128kPa Residual = 61kPa 1.5 VSt at 1.90m, moist to wet М.. Peak = 131kPa Residual = 64kPa 2.0 Test pit terminated at 2.00 m

Termination Reason: Target depth reached Shear Vane 2081 DCP No: No: Remarks: No groundwater encountered.



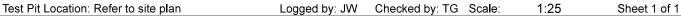
TEST PIT LOG - TP04-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019



Position: 1745272.0mE; 5926032.0mN Projection: NZTM Pit Dimensions: 3.0m by 2.0m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Survey Source: Hand Held GPS Elevation: Elevation: 23.00m Structure & Other Observations Consistency/ Relative Density Dynamic Cone Penetrometer Samples & Insitu Tests Groundwater Material Description
Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)
Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Moisture Condition $\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ (Blows/100mm) Discontinuities: Depth: Defect Graphic L Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks Depth 귒 Type & Results Depth OL: TOPSOIL 23.0 22.8 ML: Clayey SILT with organics: dark brown. Low plasticity. (Puketoka Formation)
CH: Silty CLAY: grey mottled orange. High plasticity. Organic staining. 22,7 (Puketoka Formation) Peak = 147kPa Residual = 35kPa 0.5 VSt Peak = 160kPa Residual = 83kPa 1.0 Peak = 176kPa Residual = 80kPa 1.2 Test pit terminated at 1.20 m 2

Termination Reason: Target depth reached Shear Vane 2021 2081 DCP No: No:

Remarks: Groundwater seepage observed at 1.2m.

TEST PIT LOG - TP05-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019

Test Pit Location: Refer to site plan Checked by: TG Scale: Sheet 1 of 1 Logged by: JW

Position: 1745271.0mE; 5925996.0mN Projection: NZTM Pit Dimensions: 3.5m by 2.0m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Elevation: Elevation: 21.40m Survey Source: Hand Held GPS Structure & Other Observations Consistency/ Relative Density Dynamic Cone Samples & Insitu Tests Material Description
Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)
Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Groundwater Moisture Condition $\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ (Blows/100mm) Discontinuities: Depth: Defect Graphic L Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks Depth 凇 Depth Type & Results 21.4 OL: TOPSOIL 21.2 CH: Silty CLAY: orange, brown, grey and black. High plasticity. Trace pipe, concrete, gravel, cobbles, cloth and plastic. (Uncontrolled Fill) Peak = 147kPa Residua**l** = 35kPa 0.5 Peak = >200kPa Residual = 51kPa 1.0 ... at 1.00m, well compacted ... at 1.20m, trace concrete Peak = 157kPa Residual = 45kPa 1.5 ... at 1.50m, moist to wet with trace organics 19.6 CH: CLAY with some silt: grey, black, orange and brown. High plasticity. (Uncontrolled Fill) Peak = 125kPa Residual = 51kPa 2.0 2 M to W 2.5 Peak = 64kPa Residual = 42kPa 18.8 OL: Buried TOPSOIL 18.7 CH: Silty CLAY with organics: grey mottled orange. High plasticity. Organic St to VSt staining throughout. (Puketoka Formation) 3.0 Peak = 131kPa Residual = 48kPa Test pit terminated at 3.00 m

Termination Reason: Target depth reached Shear Vane DCP No: 2081 No:

Remarks: Groundwater seepage observed at 2.6m in the topsoil.

TEST PIT LOG - TP06-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019



Position: 1745331.0mE; 5926017.0mN Projection: NZTM Pit Dimensions: 3.0m by 2.0m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Elevation: Elevation: 20.00m Survey Source: Hand Held GPS

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9.6. Peak = 2000 Pp. Residual = 21 Free 10. Peak = 147/08 Residual = 400-29 Residual = 200-29 Residua				20.0		-100	OL: TOPSOIL		<u>«</u>	H	H			<u> </u>	Block Shape; Remarks
9.6. Peak = 2000 Pp. Residual = 21 Free 10. Peak = 147/08 Residual = 400-29 Residual = 200-29 Residua				19.8			N. O. O. T. I.								-
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Residual - 48/Pa						<u>×_</u> ×									=
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Termination Reason: Target depth reached Shear Vane 2081 DCP No: No: Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.



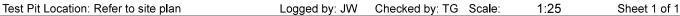
TEST PIT LOG - TP07-19

Client: Neil Group Limited

Project: Trig & Brigham Creek Road

Site Location: Whenuapai Project No.: AKL2019-0040

Date: 26/11/2019



Position: 1745289.0mE; 5925956.0mN Projection: NZTM Pit Dimensions: 3.0m by 2.5m Elevation: Elevation: 18.50m Datum: AUCKHT 1946 Survey Source: Hand Held GPS Structure & Other Observations Consistency/ Relative Density Dynamic Cone Penetrometer Samples & Insitu Tests Material Description
Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)
Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Groundwater Moisture Condition $\widehat{\mathbf{E}}$ (Blows/100mm) Discontinuities: Depth: Defect Graphic L Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks Depth 귒 Type & Results Depth OL: TOPSOIL 18.5 18.4 CH: Silty CLAY: orange, brown, grey and black. High plasticity. Trace rootlets, trace gravel, trace concrete and loosely compacted. (Uncontrolled Fill) Peak = 141kPa Residual = 19kPa 0.5 VSt Peak = 192kPa Residual = 96kPa 1.0 17.4 OL: Buried TOPSOIL 17.3 CH: CLAY with some silt: grey streaked orange. High plasticity. Trace rootlets, trace limonite staining. Trace organic staining. (Puketoka Formation) Peak = 147kPa Residual = 64kPa 1.5 Test pit terminated at 1.50 m

Termination Reason: Target depth reached Shear Vane 2081 DCP No: No: Remarks: Groundwater no encountered.

APPENDIX D

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



PLATE 1: Fill area during test pit investigation



PLATE 2: surface of fill



PLATE 3: Upper horizon of fill



PLATE 4: excavated buried organic rich topsoil layer



PLATE 5: buried topsoil



PLATE 6: indicative cross section of fill



PLATE 7: shallow fill overlying natural Puketoka formation



PLATE 8: excavated fill and topsoil

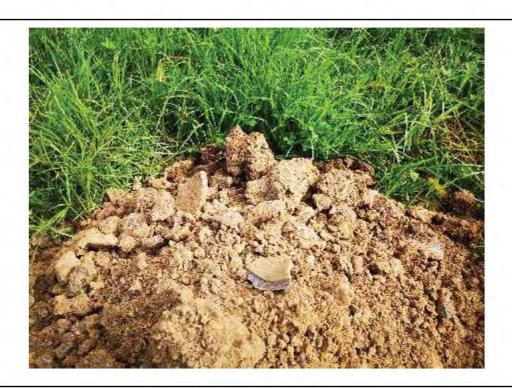


PLATE 9: ACM pipe fragment from TP11



PLATE 10: storage shed on western boundary



PLATE 11: western boundary of 69 Trig Road



PLATE 12: storage shed and disused shadehouse



PLATE 13: Storage shed on 155 Brigham Creek Road



PLATE 14: vehicles and farm machinery stored on 69 Trig Road



APPENDIX E

LABORATORY TRANSCRIPTS

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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Certificate of Analysis

ACCREDITED LABORATORY Accreditation No.: 1290

All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the

otherwise specified.

Environment Testing

Geosciences Ltd First Floor, 47 Clyde Road **Browns Bay**

Auckland NZ 0630

Attention: **Brodie Rowse** 718517-AID Report **Project Name** 59 TRIG ROAD

Project ID J1475

May 08, 2020 **Received Date Date Reported** May 14, 2020



Asbestos Fibre Identification

Conducted in accordance with the Australian Standard AS 4964 - 2004: Method for the Qualitative Identification of Asbestos in Bulk Samples and in-house Method LTM-ASB-8020 by polarised light microscopy (PLM) and dispersion staining (DS) techniques.

NOTE: Positive Trace Analysis results indicate the sample contains detectable respirable fibres.

Unknown Mineral **Fibres**

Mineral f bres of unknown type, as determined by PLM with DS, may require another analytical technique, such as Electron Microscopy, to confirm unequivocal identity.

NOTE: While Actinolite, Anthophyllite and Tremolite asbestos may be detected by PLM with DS, due to variability in the

optical properties of these materials, AS4964 requires that these are reported as UMF unless confirmed by an independent technique.

Subsampling Soil Samples

The whole sample submitted is first dried and then passed through a 10mm sieve followed by a 2mm sieve. All f brous matter greater than 10mm, greater than 2mm as well as the material passing through the 2mm sieve are retained and analysed for the presence of asbestos. If the sub 2mm fraction is greater than approximately 30 to 60g then a subsampling routine based on ISO 3082:2009(E) is employed.

NOTE: Depending on the nature and size of the soil sample, the sub-2 mm residue material may need to be subsampled for trace analysis, in accordance with AS 4964-2004.

Bonded asbestoscontaining material (ACM)

The material is first examined and any fibres isolated for identification by PLM and DS. Where required, interfering matrices may be removed by disintegration using a range of heat, chemical or physical treatments, possibly in combination. The resultant material is then further examined in accordance with AS 4964 - 2004.

NOTE: Even after disintegration it may be difficult to detect the presence of asbestos in some asbestos-containing bulk materials using PLM and DS. This is due to the low grade or small length or diameter of the asbestos fibres present in the material, or to the fact that very fine fibres have been distributed intimately throughout the materials. Vinyl/asbestos floor tiles, some asbestos-containing sealants and mastics, asbestos-containing epoxy resins and some ore samples are examples of these types of material, which are difficult to analyse.

Limit of Reporting

The performance limitation of the AS 4964 (2004) method for non-homogeneous samples is around 0.1 g/kg (equivalent

to 0.01% (w/w)). Where no asbestos is found by PLM and DS, including Trace Analysis, this is considered to be at the nominal reporting limit of 0.01% (w/w).

The NEPM screening level of 0.001% (w/w) is intended as an on-site determination, not a laboratory Limit of Reporting (LOR), per se. Examination of a large sample size (e.g. 500 mL) may improve the I kelihood of detecting asbestos, particularly AF, to aid assessment against the NEPM criteria. Gravimetric determinations to this level of accuracy are outside of AS 4964 and hence IANZ Accreditation does not cover the performance of this service (non-IANZ results shown with an asterisk).

NOTE: NATA News March 2014, p.7, states in relation to AS 4964: "This is a qualitative method with a nominal reporting limit of 0.01 %" and that currently in Australia "there is no validated method available for the quantification of asbestos". This report is consistent with the analytical procedures and reporting recommendations in the NEPM and the







 Project Name
 59 TRIG ROAD

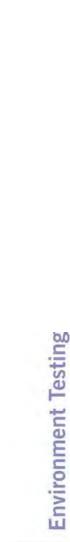
 Project ID
 J1475

 Date Sampled
 May 06, 2020 to May 07, 2020

718517-AID

Report

Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
TP1 1.0M	20-My13253	May 06, 2020	Approximate Sample 611g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP2 1.5M	20-My13254	May 06, 2020	Approximate Sample 689g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP3 1.0M	20-My13255	May 06, 2020	Approximate Sample 641g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP4 0.5M	20-My13256	May 06, 2020	Approximate Sample 5959 Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP5 1.0M	20-My13257	May 06, 2020	Approximate Sample 627g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP7 0.5M	20-My13258	May 06, 2020	Approximate Sample 612g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP8 0.5M	20-My13259	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 637g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP8 1.0M	20-My13260	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 736g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.



💸 eurofins



Client Sample ID	Eurofins Sample No.	Date Sampled	Sample Description	Result
TP9 0.5M	20-My13261	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 573g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP9 1.5	20-My13262	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 565g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP10 0.5M	20-My13263	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 553g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP11 0.5M	20-My13264	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 602g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	AF: Chrysotile asbestos detected in fibre cement fragments and loose fibre bundles. Approximate raw weight of AF = 0.0079g Estimated asbestos content in AF = 0.0019g* Total estimated asbestos concentration in AF = 0.00031% w/w* No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.*
				Synthetic mineral fibre detected. Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP11 1.0M	20-My13265	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 571g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.
TP12 0.5M	20-My13266	May 07, 2020	Approximate Sample 609g Sample consisted of: Fine grained soil and rocks.	No asbestos detected at the reporting limit of 0.001% w/w.* Organic fibre detected. No respirable fibres detected.

First Reported: May 14, 2020 Date Reported: May 14, 2020



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported. A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be respons ble for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

DescriptionTesting SiteExtractedHolding TimeAsbestos - LTM-ASB-8020ChristchurchMay 14, 2020Indefinite

Report Number: 718517-AID



Environment Testing

e.mail: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

web: www.eurofins.com.au

NZBN - 9429046024954

First Floor, 47 Clyde Road

Browns Bay

Auckland

Geosciences Ltd

Company Name:

Address:

NZ 0630

59 TRIG ROAD

J1475

Project Name: Project ID:

Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327

New Zealand

Christchurch
43 Detroit Drive
Rolleston, Christchurch 7675
Phone: 0800 856 450
IANZ # 1290

6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

Order No. Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Contact Name: Received: Priority: Due:

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM

May 13, 2020

3 Day

Brodie Rowse

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Sample Detail

Asbestos - WA guidelines

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)

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× × × × × × × × × × × ×

K20-My13253

Soil

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

TP2 1.5M

TP3 1.0M TP4 0.5M **TP5 1.0M**

TP1 1.0M

Soil

Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

₽ LAB

Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

£

Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

K20-My13254 K20-Mv13255 K20-Mv13256

×

Moisture Set

Metals M7 (NZ MfE) Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)

718517

Australia

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road

Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone : +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261

Page 5 of 10 Report Number: 718517-A D

35 O'Rorke Road, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 Eurofins Environmental Testing NZ Limited NZBN: 9429046024954

× × ×

K20-My13264

K20-Mv13262 K20-My13263

K20-Mv13261

Soil Soil Soil

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

> TP10 0.5M TP11 0.5M

Soil

× × × ×

×

× × × ×

× ×

K20-Mv13258 K20-My13259 K20-Mv13260

K20-Mv13257

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

TP7 0.5M

2 g TP8 0.5M TP8 1.0M TP9 0.5M TP9 1.5

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× × × × × × × ×

> Date Reported: May 14, 2020 First Reported: May 14, 2020



Environment Testing

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web: www.eurofins.com.au

NZBN - 9429046024954

First Floor, 47 Clyde Road

Browns Bay

Auckland

Geosciences Ltd

Company Name:

Address:

NZ 0630

59 TRIG ROAD

J1475

Project Name: Project ID:

New Zealand

Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327

Christchurch
43 Detroit Drive
Rolleston, Christchurch 7675
Phone: 0800 856 450
IANZ # 1290

6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone: +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

Australia

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone : +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road

Site # 23736

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM

Order No. Report #:

718517

Phone:

Fax:

Received: Priority: Due:

Brodie Rowse May 13, 2020 3 Day Contact Name:

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Sample Detail

Asbestos - WA guidelines

Moisture Set

Lead

Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)

Metals M7 (NZ MfE)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE)

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K20-My13265 K20-My13266

Soil

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

TP11 1.0M TP120.5M TP1 2.2M

5 4

Soil

Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil

May 06, 2020

May 06, 2020

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

TP2 5.0M

TP3 2.5M **TP3 6.0M** TP4 2.0M

8 9

TP2 3.0M

15 9

₽ LAB

Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

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Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

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Page 6 of 10

Report Number: 718517-A D

Date Reported: May 14, 2020 First Reported: May 14, 2020

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K20-My13273

Soil Soil

May 06, 2020

20 7 22 23

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

May 06, 2020

Soil

TP5 3.0M TP6 0.5M

TP5 2.0M TP4 3.5

Soil

K20-Mv13274 K20-My13275

K20-My13272

K20-My13271

K20-My13276

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× × × × × × ×

× ×

K20-Mv13269 K20-Mv13270

K20-Mv13268 K20-Mv13267

×



e.mail: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

web: www.eurofins.com.au

NZBN - 9429046024954

First Floor, 47 Clyde Road

Browns Bay

Auckland

Geosciences Ltd

Company Name:

Address:

NZ 0630

59 TRIG ROAD

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Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327

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Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone : +61 8 9251 9600 NATA # 1261

Site # 23736

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road

Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone : +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

Order No. Report #:

718517

Phone:

Fax:

Received: Priority: Due:

May 13, 2020 3 Day Contact Name:

Brodie Rowse

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Sample Detail

Asbestos - WA guidelines

Lead

Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE) Moisture Set

Metals M7 (NZ MfE)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE)

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× × × ×

× × × ×

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K20-My13278 K20-Mv13279

K20-My13277

Soil

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

TP8 2.0M TP8 2.2M

25 26

Soil

Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil

May 07, 2020

TP10 1.2M TP11 1.5M TP12 1.5M

May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

₽ LAB

Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

ę

Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

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×

K20-Mv13280

K20-Mv13281

×

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K20-My13282

K20-My13283 K20-My13284

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×

× ×

K20-Mv13285 K20-Mv13286

Soil Soil

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

SC3

SC1 SC2

29 30 3 32 33

28 27

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

SSZ SS1

SS3 SS4

May 07, 2020

× ×

K20-My13288

K20-My13287

Soil

Soil

May 07, 2020

Page 7 of 10

Report Number: 718517-A D

35 O'Rorke Road, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 Eurofins Environmental Testing NZ Limited NZBN: 9429046024954



e.mail: EnviroSales@eurofins.com

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First Floor, 47 Clyde Road

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Auckland

Geosciences Ltd

Company Name:

Address:

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59 TRIG ROAD

J1475

Project Name: Project ID:

Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327 **New Zealand**

Christchurch
43 Detroit Drive
Rolleston, Christchurch 7675
Phone: 0800 856 450
IANZ # 1290

Australia

6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone : +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

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Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217

Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road

718517

Order No. Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Received: Due:

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM

Contact Name: Priority:

3 Day

May 13, 2020 **Brodie Rowse**

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Sample Detail

Asbestos - WA guidelines

Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE) Moisture Set

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE) Metals M7 (NZ MfE)

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE)

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× × × × ×

K20-My13289

Soil Soil

LAB ID

Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

ę

Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

K20-My13290 K20-Mv13291

10

29

29

59

43

4

4

×

K20-My13331

×

× × × ×

> K20-My13293 K20-My13294

K20-Mv13292

Soil

May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020

SS2 988

37 38 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

SS10

4

888

SS7

39 4 SS11

42

889

May 07, 2020

Test Counts

Soil Soil Soil Soil

35 O'Rorke Road, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 Eurofins Environmental Testing NZ Limited NZBN: 9429046024954

Page 8 of 10

Report Number: 718517-A D



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- 1. QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 4. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 5. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the Sample Receipt Advice.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported. Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

Units

% w/w weight for weight basis grams per kilogram
Filter loading: fibres/100 graticule areas

Reported Concentration: fibres/mL Flowrate: L/min

Terms

ΑF

Dry Sample is dried by heating prior to analysis

LOR Limit of Reporting
COC Chain of Custody
SRA Sample Receipt Advice

ISO International Standards Organisation

AS Australian Standards

WA DOH Reference document for the NEPM. Government of Western Australia, Guidelines for the Assessment, Remediation and Management of Asbestos-Contaminated

Sites in Western Australia (2009), including supporting document Recommended Procedures for Laboratory Analysis of Asbestos in Soil (2011)

NEPM National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure, 2013 (as amended)

ACM Asbestos Containing Materials. Asbestos contained within a non-asbestos matrix, typically presented in bonded and/or sound condition. For the purposes of the

NEPM, ACM is generally restricted to those materials that do not pass a 7mm x 7mm sieve.

Asbestos Fines. Asbestos containing materials, including friable, weathered and bonded materials, able to pass a 7mm x 7mm sieve. Considered under the NEPM as

equivalent to "non-bonded / friable".

FA

Fibrous Asbestos. Asbestos containing materials in a friable and/or severely weathered condition. For the purposes of the NEPM, FA is generally restricted to those

materials that do not pass a 7mm x 7mm sieve.

Friable Asbestos-containing materials of any size that may be broken or crumbled by hand pressure. For the purposes of the NEPM, this includes both AF and FA. It is

outside of the laboratory's remit to assess degree of friability.

Trace Analysis Analytical procedure used to detect the presence of respirable fibres in the matrix.

Page 9 of 10

Report Number: 718517-AID



Comments

Sample Integrity

 Custody Seals Intact (if used)
 N/A

 Attempt to Chill was evident
 No

 Sample correctly preserved
 Yes

 Appropriate sample containers have been used
 Yes

 Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace
 Yes

 Samples received within HoldingTime
 Yes

 Some samples have been subcontracted
 Yes

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code Description
N/A Not applicable

Asbestos Counter/Identifier:

Katyana Gausel Senior Analyst-Asbestos (NZS) (Key Technical Personnel)

Authorised by:

Irene Suresh Senior Analyst-Asbestos (NZS)

Katyana Gausel

Senior Analyst-Asbestos (Key Technical Personnel)

Final Report – this report replaces any previously issued Report

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please $\underline{\text{click here.}}$

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Page 10 of 10

Report Number: 718517-AID

⁻ Indicates Not Requested

^{*} Indicates ISO/ EC 17025:2017 accreditation does not cover the performance of this service



Geosciences Ltd First Floor, 47 Clyde Road Browns Bay Auckland NZ 0630



Attention: Brodie Rowse

Report 718517-S
Project name 59 TRIG ROAD

Project ID J1475

Received Date May 08, 2020

Client Sample ID			TP1 1.0M	TP2 1.5M	TP3 1.0M	TP4 0.5M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13253	K20-My13254	K20-My13255	K20-My13256
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit		,	, , ,	
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)	Loit	_ Orac				
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	0.01	0.01	0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	0.01	0.02	0.01	< 0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.04	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.04	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
D butylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	117	136	132	133
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	68	79	75	80
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)						
Acenaphthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.15
Acenaphthylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.04	0.04	0.70
Benz(a)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	0.08	0.61	0.05	1.6
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	0.08	0.44	0.05	1.5



Client Sample ID			TP1 1.0M	TP2 1.5M	TP3 1.0M	TP4 0.5M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13253	K20-My13254	K20-My13255	K20-My13256
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)		•				
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.12	0.76	0.07	2.3
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.13	0.76	0.09	2.3
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.15	0.76	0.10	2.3
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.03	mg/kg	0.10	0.70	0.05	1.2
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.03	mg/kg	0.06	0.27	0.04	0.85
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	0.08	0.47	0.04	1.2
Chrysene	0.03	mg/kg	0.10	0.38	0.06	1.4
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.10	< 0.03	0.26
Fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	0.11	0.95	0.10	4.4
Fluorene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.12
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	0.07	0.32	0.04	0.72
Naphthalene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.18	0.04	2.4
Pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	0.14	0.92	0.10	4.5
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	92	88	73	79
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	66	75	64	73
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	4.7	3.8	3.0	3.9
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	14	17	22	16
Copper	5	mg/kg	14	15	14	14
Lead	5	mg/kg	27	34	14	11
Nickel	5	mg/kg	12	14	25	18
Zinc	5	mg/kg	52	50	56	34
% Moisture	1	%	17	21	17	19

Client Sample ID			TP5 1.0M	TP7 0.5M	TP8 0.5M	TP8 1.0M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13257	K20-My13258	K20-My13259	K20-My13260
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)						
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.03	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.04	< 0.01	< 0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01



Client Sample ID			TP5 1.0M	TP7 0.5M	TP8 0.5M	TP8 1.0M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13257	K20-My13258	K20-My13259	K20-My13260
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)						
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
D butylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	INT	INT	INT	145
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	76	79	73	71
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)	<u> </u>					
Acenaphthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.04	< 0.03	< 0.03
Acenaphthylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.14	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benz(a)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.54	< 0.03	0.07
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.70	0.04	0.07
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	1.1	0.05	0.10
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	1.1	0.07	0.11
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.08	1.1	0.08	0.13
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.51	< 0.03	0.07
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.46	< 0.03	0.05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.56	0.04	0.05
Chrysene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.59	0.05	0.09
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.14	< 0.03	< 0.03
Fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	1.4	0.07	0.13
Fluorene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.43	< 0.03	0.05
Naphthalene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.39	< 0.03	0.06
Pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	1.5	0.07	0.13
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	73	82	83	80
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	58	68	77	67
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	3.1	4.4	3.6	4.9
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	10	14	13	15
Copper	5	mg/kg	13	17	13	34
Lead	5	mg/kg	11	16	15	47
Nickel	5	mg/kg	11	12	12	18
Zinc	5	mg/kg	26	31	20	56
% Moisture	1	%	21	21	18	18



Client Sample ID			TP9 0.5M	TP9 1.5	TP10 0.5M	TP11 0.5M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13261	K20-My13262	K20-My13263	K20-My13264
·			1	1		1
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)						
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
D butylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	129	125	INT	INT
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	89	70	73	65
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)						
Acenaphthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Acenaphthylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	0.06	< 0.03	0.04	< 0.03
Benz(a)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	1.9	< 0.03	0.12	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	1.9	< 0.03	0.14	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	3.1	< 0.03	0.19	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	3.1	0.04	0.21	0.04
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	3.1	0.07	0.22	0.08
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.03	mg/kg	1.7	< 0.03	0.12	< 0.03
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.03	mg/kg	1.0	< 0.03	0.07	< 0.03
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	1.7	< 0.03	0.14	< 0.03
Chrysene	0.03	mg/kg	1.9	< 0.03	0.16	< 0.03
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	0.46	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	2.2	0.04	0.23	< 0.03
Fluorene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	1.2	< 0.03	0.09	< 0.03
Naphthalene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene Pyrene	0.03	mg/kg mg/kg	0.04 2.3	< 0.03 0.05	0.07 0.27	< 0.03 < 0.03



Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No. Date Sampled			TP9 0.5M Soil K20-My13261 May 07, 2020	TP9 1.5 Soil K20-My13262 May 07, 2020	TP10 0.5M Soil K20-My13263 May 07, 2020	TP11 0.5M Soil K20-My13264 May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)						
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	68	73	73	68
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	68	61	57	67
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	5.0	7.5	3.2	3.3
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	16	13	36	14
Copper	5	mg/kg	12	23	19	14
Lead	5	mg/kg	9.4	15	19	9.7
Nickel	5	mg/kg	13	8.1	42	14
Zinc	5	mg/kg	17	29	47	26
% Moisture	1	%	22	19	19	18

Client Sample ID			TP11 1.0M	TP12 0.5M	TP1 2.2M	TP2 3.0M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13265	K20-My13266	K20-My13267	K20-My13268
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)						
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
D butylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	INT	147	INT	147
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	66	68	73	77



Client Sample ID			TP11 1.0M	TP12 0.5M	TP1 2.2M	TP2 3.0M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13265	K20-My13266	K20-My13267	K20-My13268
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)						
Acenaphthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Acenaphthylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.25	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benz(a)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.09	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.13	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.17	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	0.18	0.04	0.04
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.07	0.20	0.08	0.08
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.08	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.04	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	0.11	< 0.03	< 0.03
Chrysene	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	0.13	< 0.03	< 0.03
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	0.23	< 0.03	< 0.03
Fluorene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.05	< 0.03	< 0.03
Naphthalene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.14	< 0.03	< 0.03
Pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	0.05	0.24	< 0.03	< 0.03
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	70	73	77	73
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	61	61	60	64
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	3.5	3.1	< 2	4.6
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	13	17	< 5	22
Copper	5	mg/kg	15	14	< 5	16
Lead	5	mg/kg	11	14	11	21
Nickel	5	mg/kg	13	19	< 5	9.2
Zinc	5	mg/kg	75	27	9.2	43
% Moisture	1	%	18	20	33	29

Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No. Date Sampled			TP2 5.0M Soil K20-My13269 May 06, 2020	TP3 2.5M Soil K20-My13270 May 06, 2020	TP3 6.0M Soil K20-My13271 May 06, 2020	TP4 2.0M Soil K20-My13272 May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)						
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01

Report Number: 718517-S



Client Sample ID			TP2 5.0M	TP3 2.5M	TP3 6.0M	TP4 2.0M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
•						
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13269	K20-My13270	K20-My13271	K20-My13272
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)						
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
D butylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	145	113	128	130
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	72	74	76	78
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)						
Acenaphthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Acenaphthylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benz(a)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.07
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.09
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.08	80.0	0.08	0.10
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.04
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.04
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.06
Chrysene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.08
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.10
Fluorene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.04
Naphthalene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.05
Pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	0.11
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	68	74	79	75
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	57	57	62	68
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	< 2	3.7	< 2	3.0
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	< 5	14	5.3	12
Copper	5	mg/kg	< 5	9.5	7.5	7.5
Lead	5	mg/kg	7.5	11	23	8.6
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	12	< 5	9.9
Zinc	5	mg/kg	7.1	21	15	16



Client Sample ID			TP2 5.0M	TP3 2.5M	TP3 6.0M	TP4 2.0M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13269	K20-My13270	K20-My13271	K20-My13272
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
% Moisture	1	%	26	27	39	21

Client Sample ID			TP4 3.5	TP5 2.0M	TP5 3.0M	TP6 0.5M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13273	K20-My13274	K20-My13275	K20-My13276
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)	LOIL	Offic				
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1	G01< 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
D butylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	125	128	135	149
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	82	75	71	82
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)						
Acenaphthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Acenaphthylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benz(a)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03



Client Sample ID			TP4 3.5	TP5 2.0M	TP5 3.0M	TP6 0.5M	
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil	
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13273	K20-My13274	K20-My13275	K20-My13276	
Date Sampled			May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	May 06, 2020	
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit					
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Chrysene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Fluorene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Naphthalene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	
Phenanthrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
Pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	75	77	68	72	
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	50	60	53	58	
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)							
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	< 2	3.5	
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	
Chromium	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	13	
Copper	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	12	
Lead	5	mg/kg	8.6	12	7.8	8.4	
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	< 5	12	
Zinc	5	mg/kg	6.0	8.9	6.4	24	
% Moisture	1	%	28	32	21	21	

Client Sample ID			TP8 2.0M	TP8 2.2M	TP10 1.2M	TP11 1.5M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13277	K20-My13278	K20-My13279	K20-My13280
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)						
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01



Client Sample ID			TP8 2.0M	TP8 2.2M	TP10 1.2M	TP11 1.5M
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13277	K20-My13278	K20-My13279	K20-My13280
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	, 01, 2020		, 0., 2020	
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)	LOIN	Offic				
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene trans-Chlordane	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.11	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
		mg/kg %	132	INT		126
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	75	77	126 72	
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	l I	70	/5	11	12	78
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)	0.00		10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Acenaphthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Acenaphthylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benz(a)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (lower bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (medium bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04
Benzo(a)pyrene TEQ (upper bound)*	0.03	mg/kg	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene ^{N07}	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Chrysene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Fluoranthene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Fluorene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Naphthalene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
Pyrene	0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03	< 0.03
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	70	71	69	73
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	66	51	52	60
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	3.0	4.6	3.5	3.5
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4	< 0.4
Chromium	5	mg/kg	< 5	5.6	20	16
Copper	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	12	12
Lead	5	mg/kg	5.5	12	8.7	11
Nickel	5	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	5.8	15
Zinc	5	mg/kg	8.2	5.9	30	20
% Moisture	1	%	23	37	19	24



	1				1
1		Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
		K20-My13281	K20-My13282	K20-My13283	K20-My13284
		May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
LOR	Unit				
0.01	ma/ka	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
				+	< 0.01
			< 0.01		< 0.01
			< 0.01		< 0.01
<u> </u>			< 0.01		< 0.01
-			1		< 0.01
			1		< 0.01
			< 0.01		< 0.01
0.01			< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01			< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01			< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01		< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
1	%	INT	140	146	139
1	%	79	76	83	79
	•				
0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	-	-	-
			-	-	-
0.03		< 0.03	-	-	-
0.03		0.15	-	-	-
0.03		0.18	-	-	-
0.03		0.24	-	-	-
0.03		0.26	-	-	-
0.03	mg/kg	0.27	-	-	-
0.03	mg/kg	0.13	-	-	-
0.03	mg/kg	0.09	-	-	-
0.03	mg/kg	0.18	-	-	-
0.03	mg/kg	0.19	-	-	-
0.03	mg/kg	< 0.03	-	-	-
0.03	mg/kg	0.33	-	-	-
0.03		< 0.03	-	-	-
0.03		0.09	-	-	-
0.1		< 0.1	-	-	-
			-	-	-
	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.01 mg/kg 0.03 mg/kg	LOR	LOR	LOR



Client Sample ID			TP12 1.5M	SC1	SC2	SC3
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13281	K20-My13282	K20-My13283	K20-My13284
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)						
p-Terphenyl-d14 (surr.)	1	%	83	-	-	-
2-Fluorobiphenyl (surr.)	1	%	77	-	-	-
		ı				
Copper	5	mg/kg	-	< 5	23	8.6
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	-	< 2	7.4	< 2
Lead	5	mg/kg	-	< 5	19	7.6
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	3.9	-	-	-
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	< 0.4	-	-	-
Chromium	5	mg/kg	20	-	-	-
Copper	5	mg/kg	15	-	-	-
Lead	5	mg/kg	12	-	-	-
Nickel	5	mg/kg	20	-	-	-
Zinc	5	mg/kg	31	-	-	-
% Moisture	1	%	20	28	30	24

Client Sample ID			SS1	SS2	SS3	SS4
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13285	K20-My13286	K20-My13287	K20-My13288
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)	•					
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	0.35
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01



Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No.			SS1 Soil K20-My13285	SS2 Soil K20-My13286	SS3 Soil K20-My13287	SS4 Soil K20-My13288
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit	ay 01, 2020			ay 01, 2020
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)	'					
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01
Dibutylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	137	150	138	INT
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	78	77	84	80
Copper	5	mg/kg	12	12	11	28
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	8.4	6.8	7.0	13
Lead	5	mg/kg	22	21	19	19
% Moisture	1	%	15	21	24	80

Client Sample ID			SS5	SS6	SS7	SS8
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13289	K20-My13290	K20-My13291	K20-My13292
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)	·					
2.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
2.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
2.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
4.4'-DDD	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
4.4'-DDE	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
4.4'-DDT	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
DDT + DDE + DDD (Total)*	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
a-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Aldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
b-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Chlordanes - Total	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
cis-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
d-BHC	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Dieldrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Endosulfan I	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Endosulfan II	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	0.02	-
Endosulfan sulphate	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	0.01	< 0.01	-
Endrin	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Endrin aldehyde	0.01	mg/kg	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	^{G01} < 0.1	-
Endrin ketone	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
g-BHC (Lindane)	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Heptachlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Heptachlor epoxide	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Hexachlorobenzene	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Methoxychlor	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
Toxaphene	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
trans-Chlordane	0.01	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	< 0.01	-
D butylchlorendate (surr.)	1	%	143	INT	150	-
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surr.)	1	%	89	77	86	-



Client Sample ID			SS5	SS6	SS7	SS8
Sample Matrix			Soil	Soil	Soil	Soil
Eurofins Sample No.			K20-My13289	K20-My13290	K20-My13291	K20-My13292
Date Sampled			May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020	May 07, 2020
Test/Reference	LOR	Unit				
Copper	5	mg/kg	< 5	15	7.1	-
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)						
Arsenic	2	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	< 2	-
Lead	5	mg/kg	9.4	6.5	5.7	18
% Moisture	1	%	11	22	11	28

Client Sample ID Sample Matrix Eurofins Sample No. Date Sampled Test/Reference Metals M8 (NZ MfE)	LOR	Unit	SS10 Soil K20-My13293 May 07, 2020	SS11 Soil K20-My13294 May 07, 2020	SS9 Soil K20-My13331 May 07, 2020
Lead	5	mg/kg	15	19	17
	•				
% Moisture	1	%	27	28	28



Sample History

Where samples are submitted/analysed over several days, the last date of extraction and analysis is reported.

A recent review of our LIMS has resulted in the correction or clarification of some method identifications. Due to this, some of the method reference information on reports has changed. However, no substantive change has been made to our laboratory methods, and as such there is no change in the validity of current or previous results.

If the date and time of sampling are not provided, the Laboratory will not be responsible for compromised results should testing be performed outside the recommended holding time.

Description	Testing Site	Extracted	Holding Time
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)	Auckland	May 11, 2020	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2220 OCP & PCB in Soil and Water by GCMSMS			
Copper	Auckland	May 11, 2020	6 Months
- Method:			
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)	Auckland	May 12, 2020	6 Months
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters, Soils & Sediments by ICP-MS			
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)	Auckland	May 11, 2020	6 Months
- Method: LTM-MET-3040 Metals in Waters Soils Sediments by ICP-MS			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)	Auckland	May 11, 2020	14 Days
- Method: LTM-ORG-2130 PAH and Phenols in Soil and Water by GC MSMS			
% Moisture	Auckland	May 11, 2020	14 Days

⁻ Method: LTM-GEN-7080 Moisture Content in Soil by Gravimetry



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Browns Bay

Auckland

Geosciences Ltd

Company Name:

Address:

NZ 0630

59 TRIG ROAD

J1475

Project Name: Project ID:

Auckland 35 O'Rorke Road Penrose, Auckland 1061 Phone: +64 9 526 45 51 IANZ # 1327

New Zealand

Christchurch
43 Detroit Drive
Rolleston, Christchurch 7675
Phone: 0800 856 450
IANZ # 1290

6 Monterey Road Dandenong South VIC 3175 Phone : +61 3 8564 5000 NATA # 1261 Site # 1254 & 14271

Order No. Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Priority: Due:

Contact Name:

5 Day

Brodie Rowse

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Sample Detail

Asbestos - WA guidelines

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K20-My13253

Soil

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

TP2 1.5M

TP3 1.0M TP4 0.5M **TP5 1.0M**

TP1 1.0M

Soil

Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

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Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

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Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

K20-My13254 K20-Mv13255 K20-Mv13256

Moisture Set

Metals M7 (NZ MfE) Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE)

718517

Australia

Perth 2/91 Leach Highway Kewdale WA 6105 Phone: +618 9251 9600 NATA # 1261 Site # 23736

Brisbane 1/21 Smallwood Place Murarrie QLD 4172 Phone: +61 7 3902 4600 NATA # 1261 Site # 20794

Lane Cove West NSW 2066 Phone: +61 2 9900 8400 NATA # 1261 Site # 18217 Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM

Received:

May 15, 2020

Report Number: 718517-S Page 16 of 31

35 O Rorke Road, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand 1061 Tel: +64 9 526 45 51 Eurofins Environmental Testing NZ Limited NZBN: 9429046024954

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K20-Mv13262 K20-My13263

K20-Mv13261

Soil Soil

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

TP10 0.5M TP11 0.5M

May 07, 2020

TP7 0.5M

2 g TP8 0.5M TP8 1.0M TP9 0.5M TP9 1.5

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K20-My13264

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K20-Mv13258 K20-My13259 K20-Mv13260

K20-Mv13257

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 ×



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Phone: 0800 856 450
IANZ # 1290

718517

Report #: Order No.

First Floor, 47 Clyde Road

Browns Bay

Auckland

Geosciences Ltd

Company Name:

Address:

NZ 0630

59 TRIG ROAD

J1475

Project Name: Project ID:

Phone:

Fax:

Received: Priority: Due:

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM

May 15, 2020 Contact Name:

Brodie Rowse 5 Day

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Asbestos - WA guidelines

Sample Detail

Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE) Moisture Set

Metals M7 (NZ MfE)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE)

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K20-My13265 K20-My13266

Soil

Soil

May 07, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

May 07, 2020

TP11 1.0M TP120.5M TP1 2.2M TP2 3.0M TP2 5.0M

5 4 15 9

Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil

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Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

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Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

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× × × ×

K20-My13273

Soil Soil

May 06, 2020

TP4 2.0M

20 7 22 23

TP4 3.5

TP3 2.5M **TP3 6.0M**

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7

TP5 2.0M TP5 3.0M TP6 0.5M

May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020 May 06, 2020

May 06, 2020

K20-My13272

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K20-My13275 K20-My13276

Soil

Soil

K20-My13274

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K20-My13269

K20-Mv13268 K20-Mv13267

K20-My13270

K20-My13271

Page 17 of 31 Report Number: 718517-S



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Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road

718517

Report #: Order No.

First Floor, 47 Clyde Road

Browns Bay

Auckland

Geosciences Ltd

Company Name:

Address:

NZ 0630

59 TRIG ROAD

J1475

Project Name: Project ID:

Phone:

Fax:

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM May 15, 2020 Contact Name: Received: Priority: Due:

5 Day

Brodie Rowse

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Asbestos - WA guidelines

Sample Detail

Moisture Set

Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)

Metals M7 (NZ MfE)

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE) Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)

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K20-My13278 K20-Mv13279

K20-My13277

Soil

Soil

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

> TP10 1.2M TP11 1.5M TP12 1.5M

27

May 07, 2020

TP8 2.0M **TP8 2.2M**

25 26 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020

Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil Soil

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Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

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Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

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K20-Mv13280 K20-My13281 K20-My13282 K20-My13283 K20-My13284

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K20-My13286

K20-Mv13285

Soil Soil

May 07, 2020

SC3

32

SS1 SSZ SS3 SS4

33

SC1 SC2

29 30

28

31

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020

K20-My13288

K20-My13287

Soil

Soil

Page 18 of 31 Report Number: 718517-S



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Sydney Unit F3, Building F 16 Mars Road

Order No. Report #:

Phone:

Fax:

Received: Due:

May 15, 2020 5 Day Contact Name: Priority:

May 8, 2020 5:00 PM

Brodie Rowse

Eurofins Analytical Services Manager: Swati Shahaney

Asbestos - WA guidelines

Sample Detail

Moisture Set

Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)

Metals M7 (NZ MfE)

Eurofins | mgt Suite B22-NZ: OCP, Metals (As,Cu,Pb) (NZ MfE)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)

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K20-My13289

Soil Soil

> May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

May 07, 2020

SS2 988

37 38

LAB ID

Matrix

Sampling Time

Sample Date

Christchurch Laboratory - IANZ# 1290

External Laboratory Sample ID

ę

Auckland Laboratory - IANZ# 1327

K20-My13290 K20-Mv13291 × × × ×

> K20-My13293 K20-My13294

Soil

May 07, 2020 May 07, 2020

SS10

4

888

SS7

39 4 SS11

42

889

May 07, 2020

Test Counts

May 07, 2020

Soil Soil

Soil

K20-Mv13292

Soil

10

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43

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4

K20-My13331

Page 19 of 31

Report Number: 718517-S



Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary

General

- Laboratory QC results for Method Blanks, Duplicates, Matrix Spikes, and Laboratory Control Samples follows guidelines delineated in the National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999, as amended May 2013 and are included in this QC report where applicable. Additional QC data may be available on request.
- 2. All soil/sediment/solid results are reported on a dry basis, unless otherwise stated.
- 3. All biota/food results are reported on a wet weight basis on the edible portion, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. Actual LORs are matrix dependant. Quoted LORs may be raised where sample extracts are diluted due to interferences.
- 5. Results are uncorrected for matrix spikes or surrogate recoveries except for PFAS compounds
- 6. SVOC analysis on waters are performed on homogenised, unfiltered samples, unless noted otherwise
- 7. Samples were analysed on an 'as received' basis.
- 8. Information identified on this report with blue colour, indicates data provided by customer, that may have an impact on the results.
- 9. This report replaces any interim results previously issued.

Holding Times

Please refer to 'Sample Preservation and Container Guide' for holding times (QS3001).

For samples received on the last day of holding time, notification of testing requirements should have been received at least 6 hours prior to sample receipt deadlines as stated on the SRA.

If the Laboratory did not receive the information in the required timeframe, and regardless of any other integrity issues, suitably qualified results may still be reported.

Holding times apply from the date of sampling, therefore compliance to these may be outside the laboratory's control.

For VOCs containing vinyl chloride, styrene and 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether the holding time is 7 days however for all other VOCs such as BTEX or C6-10 TRH then the holding time is 14 days.

**NOTE pH duplicates are reported as a range NOT as RPD

Units

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram mg/L milligrams per litre ug/L micrograms per litre

org/100mL Organisms per 100 millilitres NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units MPN/100mL Most Probable Number of organisms per 100 millilitres

Terms

Dry Where a moisture has been determined on a solid sample the result is expressed on a dry basis.

LOR Limit of Reporting

SPIKE Addition of the analyte to the sample and reported as percentage recovery.

RPD Relative Percent Difference between two Duplicate pieces of analysis.

LCS Laboratory Control Sample - reported as percent recovery.

CRM Certified Reference Material - reported as percent recovery.

Method Blank In the case of solid samples these are performed on laboratory certified clean sands and in the case of water samples these are performed on de-ionised water.

Surr - Surrogate The addition of a like compound to the analyte target and reported as percentage recovery.

Duplicate A second piece of analysis from the same sample and reported in the same units as the result to show comparison.

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

APHA American Public Health Association
TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

COC Chain of Custody
SRA Sample Receipt Advice

QSM US Department of Defense Quality Systems Manual Version 5.3

CP Client Parent - QC was performed on samples pertaining to this report

NCP Non-Client Parent - QC performed on samples not pertaining to this report, QC is representative of the sequence or batch that client samples were analysed within.

TEQ Toxic Equivalency Quotient

QC - Acceptance Criteria

RPD Duplicates: Global RPD Duplicates Acceptance Criteria is 30% however the following acceptance guidelines are equally applicable:

Results <10 times the LOR : No Limit

Results between 10-20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-50% $\,$

Results >20 times the LOR : RPD must lie between 0-30%

Surrogate Recoveries: Recoveries must lie between 20-130% Phenols & 50-150% PFASs

PFAS field samples that contain surrogate recoveries in excess of the QC limit designated in QSM 5 3 where no positive PFAS results have been reported have been reviewed and no data was affected.

 $WA\ DWER\ (n=10):\ PFBA,\ PFPeA,\ PFHxA,\ PFHpA,\ PFOA,\ PFBS,\ PFHxS,\ PFOS,\ 6\ 2\ FTSA,\ 8\ 2\ FTSA,$

QC Data General Comments

- 1. Where a result is reported as a less than (<), higher than the nominated LOR, this is due to either matrix interference, extract dilution required due to interferences or contaminant levels within the sample, high moisture content or insufficient sample provided.
- 2. Duplicate data shown within this report that states the word "BATCH" is a Batch Duplicate from outside of your sample batch, but within the laboratory sample batch at a 1:10 ratio. The Parent and Duplicate data shown is not data from your samples.
- 3. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting LCS data, Toxaphene & Chlordane are not added to the LCS.
- 4. Organochlorine Pesticide analysis where reporting Spike data, Toxaphene is not added to the Spike.
- 5. Total Recoverable Hydrocarbons where reporting Spike & LCS data, a single spike of commercial Hydrocarbon products in the range of C12-C30 is added and it's Total Recovery is reported in the C10-C14 cell of the Report.
- pH and Free Chlorine analysed in the laboratory Analysis on this test must begin within 30 minutes of sampling. Therefore laboratory analysis is unlikely to be completed within holding time.
 Analysis will begin as soon as possible after sample receipt.
- 7. Recovery Data (Spikes & Surrogates) where chromatographic interference does not allow the determination of Recovery the term "INT" appears against that analyte.
- 8. Polychlorinated Biphenyls are spiked only using Aroclor 1260 in Matrix Spikes and LCS.
- 9. For Matrix Spikes and LCS results a dash " -" in the report means that the specific analyte was not added to the QC sample.
- 10. Duplicate RPDs are calculated from raw analytical data thus it is possible to have two sets of data.

Report Number: 718517-S



Quality Control Results

Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
< 0.01	0.01	Pass	
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< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
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< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
< 0.1	0.1	Pass	
< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
< 0.03	0.03	Pass	
< 5	5	Pass	
< 2	2	Pass	
< 5	5	Pass	



Test	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)					
Arsenic	mg/kg	< 2	2	Pass	
Cadmium	mg/kg	< 0.4	0.4	Pass	
Chromium	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Copper	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Lead	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Nickel	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
Zinc	mg/kg	< 5	5	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE)					
2.4'-DDD	%	103	70-130	Pass	
2.4'-DDE	%	101	70-130	Pass	
2.4'-DDT	%	98	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	%	101	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	%	98	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	%	91	70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	%	102	70-130	Pass	
b-BHC	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Chlordanes - Total	%	112	70-130	Pass	
cis-Chlordane	%	116	70-130	Pass	
d-BHC	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	%	104	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	%	84	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	%	103	70-130	Pass	
Endrin	%	101	70-130	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	%	102	70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	%	94	70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	%	109	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	%	106	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	%	113	70-130	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	%	105	70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	%	88	70-130	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	%	108	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery					
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (NZ MfE)					
Acenaphthene	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	%	98	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	%	90	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&i)fluoranthene	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	%	95	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	%	98	70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	%	101	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	%	95	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	%	94	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	%	93	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	%	94	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery	70	<u> </u>	70-100	1 433	



Т	est		Units	Result 1		ceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Copper			%	108		70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery								
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)								
Arsenic			%	113	7	70-130	Pass	
Lead			%	114	7	70-130	Pass	
LCS - % Recovery								
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)								
Arsenic			%	105	7	70-130	Pass	
Cadmium			%	104	7	70-130	Pass	
Chromium			%	98	7	70-130	Pass	
Copper			%	97	7	70-130	Pass	
Lead			%	98	7	70-130	Pass	
Nickel			%	96		70-130	Pass	
Zinc			%	114		70-130	Pass	
Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acc	ceptance	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Spike - % Recovery								
Organochlorine Pesticides (N	IZ MfE)		Result 1					
Endrin aldehvde	K20-My10766	NCP	%	72	† † † ,	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	1.25 my 101 00		,,,			50	. 200	
				Result 1				
Copper	K20-My13261	СР	%	83	- -	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	1120-11119 10201	<u> </u>	70	1 00 1		0-100	1 433	
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)				Result 1				
Arsenic	K20-My13261	СР	%	88	- - - - - - - - - - 	70-130	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13261	CP	%	92		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	K20-Wy 13201	L CF	/0	92		0-130	газэ	
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)				Result 1		T		
Cadmium	K20-My13261	СР	%	99		70-130	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13261	CP	%	86		70-130	Pass	
Nickel		CP	%	81		70-130		
Zinc	K20-My13261	CP	%	90		70-130	Pass	
	K20-My13261	L CP	70	90		0-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	17 Mases			D		I		
Organochlorine Pesticides (N			0/	Result 1		70.400		
4.4'-DDE	K20-My13262	CP	%	112		70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	K20-My13262	CP	%	104		70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	K20-My13262	CP	%	87		70-130	Pass	
b-BHC	K20-My13262	CP	%	87		70-130	Pass	
Chlordanes - Total	K20-My13262	CP	%	114		70-130	Pass	
cis-Chlordane	K20-My13262	CP	%	118		70-130	Pass	
d-BHC	K20-My13262	CP	%	104		70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	K20-My13262	CP	%	112		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	K20-My13262	CP	%	115		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	K20-My13262	CP	%	116		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	K20-My13262	CP	%	113	 	70-130	Pass	
Endrin	K20-My13262	CP	%	110	- 1	70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	K20-My13262	CP	%	122		70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	K20-My13262	CP	%	117		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	K20-My13262	CP	%	91	7	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	K20-My13262	CP	%	119	7	70-130	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	K20-My13262	CP	%	110	7	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydroca	rbons (NZ MfE)			Result 1				
Acenaphthene	K20-My13262	CP	%	79	7	70-130	Pass	



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Anthracene	K20-My13262	CP	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	K20-My13262	СР	%	81	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	K20-My13262	CP	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	K20-My13262	СР	%	80	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	K20-My13262	СР	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	K20-My13262	СР	%	92	70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	K20-My13262	СР	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	K20-My13262	СР	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	K20-My13262	СР	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	K20-My13262	СР	%	74	70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	K20-My13262	СР	%	90	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	, , , ,						
opine // recovery				Result 1			
Copper	K20-My13271	СР	%	83	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	1120-Wy 1327 1		70	1 00 1	70-130	1 433	
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)				Result 1		I	
, ,	K20 M: 42274	CD I	0/		70.420	Desa	
Arsenic	K20-My13271	CP	%	84	70-130	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13271	CP	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery				T = T			
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)	1			Result 1			
Cadmium	K20-My13271	CP	%	96	70-130	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13271	CP	%	85	70-130	Pass	
Nickel	K20-My13271	CP	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Zinc	K20-My13271	CP	%	88	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Organochlorine Pesticides (N	Z MfE)			Result 1			
4.4'-DDD	K20-My13272	CP	%	119	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	K20-My13272	CP	%	100	70-130	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	K20-My13272	СР	%	78	70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	K20-My13272	СР	%	95	70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	K20-My13272	СР	%	101	70-130	Pass	
b-BHC	K20-My13272	СР	%	81	70-130	Pass	
Chlordanes - Total	K20-My13272	СР	%	100	70-130	Pass	
cis-Chlordane	K20-My13272	CP	%	105	70-130	Pass	
d-BHC	K20-My13272	CP	%	91	70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	K20-My13272	CP	%	98	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	K20-My13272	CP	%	103	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	K20-My13272	CP	%	103	70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	K20-My13272	CP	%	99	70-130	Pass	
Endrin	K20-My13272	CP	%	97	70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	K20-My13272	CP	%	103	70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	K20-My13272	CP	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	K20-My13272	CP	%	94	70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	K20-My13272	CP	%	107	70-130	Pass	
Methoxychlor	K20-My13272	CP	%	81	70-130	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	K20-My13272	CP	%	94	70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery							
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocar		,		Result 1			
Acenaphthene	K20-My13272	CP	%	80	70-130	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	K20-My13272	CP	%	82	70-130	Pass	
Anthracene	K20-My13272	СР	%	89	70-130	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	K20-My13272	СР	%	80	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	K20-My13272	СР	%	86	70-130	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	K20-My13272	СР	%	75	70-130	Pass	



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Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1	,	Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	K20-My13272	CP	%	85		70-130	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	K20-My13272	CP	%	94		70-130	Pass	
Chrysene	K20-My13272	CP	%	90		70-130	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	K20-My13272	CP	%	89		70-130	Pass	
Fluoranthene	K20-My13272	CP	%	88		70-130	Pass	
Fluorene	K20-My13272	CP	%	81		70-130	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	K20-My13272	CP	%	86		70-130	Pass	
Naphthalene	K20-My13272	CP	%	82		70-130	Pass	
Phenanthrene	K20-My13272	CP	%	73		70-130	Pass	
Pyrene	K20-My13272	CP	%	86		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
				Result 1				
Copper	K20-My13281	CP	%	92		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)				Result 1				
Arsenic	K20-My13281	СР	%	96		70-130	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13281	СР	%	101		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)				Result 1				
Cadmium	K20-My13281	СР	%	105		70-130	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13281	CP	%	92		70-130	Pass	
Nickel	K20-My13281	CP	%	88		70-130	Pass	
Zinc	K20-My13281	CP	%	101		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery	1120 Wy 10201	UI UI	70	101		70 100	1 455	
Organochlorine Pesticides (N	7 MfE)			Result 1				
4.4'-DDE	K20-My13282	СР	%	119		70-130	Pass	
a-BHC	K20-My13282	CP	%	114		70-130	Pass	
Aldrin	K20-My13282	CP	%	118		70-130	Pass	
b-BHC	K20-My13282	CP	%	102		70-130	Pass	
Chlordanes - Total		CP	%	120		70-130	Pass	
•	K20-My13282	1		+				
cis-Chlordane	K20-My13282	CP	%	118		70-130	Pass	
d-BHC	K20-My13282	CP	%	115		70-130	Pass	
Dieldrin	K20-My13282	CP	%	113		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan I	K20-My13282	CP	%	130		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan II	K20-My13282	СР	%	129		70-130	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	K20-My13282	CP	%	121		70-130	Pass	
Endrin	K20-My13282	CP	%	114		70-130	Pass	
Endrin ketone	K20-My13282	CP	%	121		70-130	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	K20-My13282	CP	%	123		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor	K20-My13282	CP	%	105		70-130	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	K20-My13282	CP	%	125		70-130	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	K20-My13282	CP	%	122		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
				Result 1				
Copper	K20-My13291	CP	%	85		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)				Result 1				
Arsenic	K20-My13291	СР	%	89		70-130	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13291	CP	%	91		70-130	Pass	
Spike - % Recovery								
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)				Result 1				
Cadmium	K20-My13291	СР	%	94		70-130	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13291	CP	%	87		70-130	Pass	
Nickel	K20-My13291	CP	%	85		70-130	Pass	
Zinc	K20-My13291	CP	%	99		70-130	Pass	
		<u> </u>			1		. 455	<u> </u>



Test	Lab Sample ID	QA Source	Units	Result 1			Acceptance Limits	Pass Limits	Qualifying Code
Duplicate									
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Copper	K20-My13260	CP	mg/kg	34	23	39	30%	Fail	Q15
Duplicate									
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	K20-My13260	CP	mg/kg	4.9	3.9	23	30%	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13260	CP	mg/kg	47	48	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Cadmium	K20-My13260	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13260	CP	mg/kg	15	12	22	30%	Pass	
Nickel	K20-My13260	CP	mg/kg	18	11	43	30%	Fail	Q15
Zinc	K20-My13260	CP	mg/kg	56	47	19	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				T				ı	
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Moisture	K20-My13260	CP	%	18	19	7.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				<u> </u>				ı	
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ	MfE)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2.4'-DDD	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDE	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDT	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
a-BHC	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
b-BHC	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlordanes - Total	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
cis-Chlordane	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
d-BHC	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Dieldrin	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan I	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Methoxychlor	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate							1	l	
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocark				Result 1	Result 2	RPD		_	
Acenaphthene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	1
Acenaphthylene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	-
Anthracene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	0.06	0.06	4.0	30%	Pass	1
Benz(a)anthracene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	1.9	1.8	8.0	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	1.9	1.7	7.0	30%	Pass	-
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	1.7	1.4	16	30%	Pass	-
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	1.7	1.8	4.0	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	1.9	1.9	2.0	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	2.2	2.0	11	30%	Pass	



Duplicate									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrod	earhons (NZ MfF)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Fluorene	K20-My13261	СР	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	K20-My13261	CP		0.04	0.04	1.0	30%	Pass	
		CP	mg/kg	2.3	2.2	7.0	30%	+ +	
Pyrene	K20-My13261	CP	mg/kg	2.3	2.2	7.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				Decult 1	Decult 2	DDD			
0	1/00 M :40070	OD		Result 1	Result 2	RPD	200/	D	
Copper	K20-My13270	CP	mg/kg	9.5	12	24	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				I 5 11 1			I		
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)	1/00 14 /00=0			Result 1	Result 2	RPD	222/	+	
Arsenic	K20-My13270	CP	mg/kg	3.7	3.9	4.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13270	CP	mg/kg	11	9.7	8.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate					ı		1		
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)			_	Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Cadmium	K20-My13270	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13270	CP	mg/kg	14	17	17	30%	Pass	
Nickel	K20-My13270	CP	mg/kg	12	18	36	30%	Fail	Q15
Zinc	K20-My13270	CP	mg/kg	21	22	4.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Moisture	K20-My13270	CP	%	27	26	4.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Organochlorine Pesticides	(NZ MfE)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
2.4'-DDD	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDE	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDT	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
a-BHC	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	K20-My13271	CP	 	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
b-BHC		CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01		30%	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	
	K20-My13271		mg/kg		1	<1		Pass	
Chlordanes - Total	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
cis-Chlordane	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
d-BHC	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Dieldrin	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan I	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Methoxychlor	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrod	carbons (NZ MfE)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	1 000	



D									
Duplicate Live State Control of the	(NIZ 846E)			D	D	DDD			
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons	` '	0.0		Result 1	Result 2	RPD	000/	+	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	K20-My13271	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				D 11.4	I D			1	
	1/00 14 10000	0.0		Result 1	Result 2	RPD	000/	+	
Copper	K20-My13280	CP	mg/kg	12	12	1.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate				T	I				
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)	1/00 14 10000		"	Result 1	Result 2	RPD	2001	+	
Arsenic	K20-My13280	CP	mg/kg	3.5	3.7	7.0	30%	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13280	CP	mg/kg	11	11	7.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate						DDD			
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)	1/00 14 10000		"	Result 1	Result 2	RPD	2001	+	
Cadmium	K20-My13280	CP	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13280	CP	mg/kg	16	14	13	30%	Pass	
Nickel	K20-My13280	CP	mg/kg	15	14	12	30%	Pass	
Zinc	K20-My13280	CP	mg/kg	20	21	1.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate					I I				
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD	/	+_	
% Moisture	K20-My13280	CP	%	24	21	15	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	- ,			D 11.4	I D				
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ MfE		0.0		Result 1	Result 2	RPD	000/	+_	
2.4'-DDD	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDE	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDT	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
a-BHC	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
b-BHC	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlordanes - Total	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
cis-Chlordane	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
d-BHC	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Dieldrin	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan I	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Heptachlor epoxide	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Methoxychlor	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	



Duplicate							I		
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbor	T' '			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.15	0.15	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.18	0.19	6.0	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.13	0.16	22	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.09	0.09	2.0	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.18	0.18	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.19	0.18	5.0	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	0.04	14	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.33	0.25	27	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.09	0.09	7.0	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	K20-My13281	CP	mg/kg	0.34	0.29	18	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Copper	K20-My13290	СР	mg/kg	15	15	1.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Metals M8 (NZ MfE)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Arsenic	K20-My13290	СР	mg/kg	< 2	< 2	<1	30%	Pass	
Lead	K20-My13290	CP	mg/kg	6.5	6.3	4.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	, ,		1	3.0	, ,,,				
Metals M7 (NZ MfE)				Result 1	Result 2	RPD	Ι		
Cadmium	K20-My13290	СР	mg/kg	< 0.4	< 0.4	<1	30%	Pass	
Chromium	K20-My13290	CP	mg/kg	6.6	6.5	2.0	30%	Pass	
Nickel	K20-My13290	CP	mg/kg	< 5	< 5	<1	30%	Pass	
Zinc	K20-My13290	CP	mg/kg	20	21	4.0	30%	Pass	
Duplicate	1 NZO-IVIY 10Z30	01	i ilig/ikg	20		7.0	3070	1 433	
Duplicate				Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
% Moisture	K20-My13290	СР	%	22	23	4.0	30%	Pass	
	K20-IVIY 13290	CF	70			4.0	30%	Fa55	
Duplicate Organishlaring Posticides (NZ M	F \			Decult 1	Decult 2	DDD			
Organochlorine Pesticides (NZ M	1	0.0		Result 1	Result 2	RPD	000/	D	
2.4'-DDD	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDE	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
2.4'-DDT	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDD	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDE	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
4.4'-DDT	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
a-BHC	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Aldrin	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
b-BHC	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Chlordanes - Total	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
cis-Chlordane	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
d-BHC	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Dieldrin	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan I	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan II	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	0.02	0.02	14	30%	Pass	
Endosulfan sulphate	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin aldehyde	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Endrin ketone	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
g-BHC (Lindane)	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
	1			< 0.01	< 0.01		30%	. — —	



Duplicate									
Organochlorine Pesticides (N	Z MfE)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Heptachlor epoxide	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Hexachlorobenzene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Methoxychlor	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
trans-Chlordane	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.01	< 0.01	<1	30%	Pass	
Duplicate									
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocar	bons (NZ MfE)			Result 1	Result 2	RPD			
Acenaphthene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Acenaphthylene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Anthracene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benz(a)anthracene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(a)pyrene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(b&j)fluoranthene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Chrysene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Dibenz(a.h)anthracene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluoranthene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Fluorene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Indeno(1.2.3-cd)pyrene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Naphthalene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	<1	30%	Pass	
Phenanthrene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	
Pyrene	K20-My13291	CP	mg/kg	< 0.03	< 0.03	<1	30%	Pass	



Comments

Sample Integrity

Custody Seals Intact (if used) N/A Attempt to Chill was evident Nο Sample correctly preserved Yes Appropriate sample containers have been used Yes Sample containers for volatile analysis received with minimal headspace Yes Samples received within HoldingTime Yes Some samples have been subcontracted Yes

Qualifier Codes/Comments

Code Description

G01 The LORs have been raised due to matrix interference

Please note:- These two PAH isomers closely co-elute using the most contemporary analytical methods and both the reported concentration (and the TEQ) apply specifically to the total of the two co-eluting PAHs

N07

Q15 The RPD reported passes Eurofins Environment Testing's QC - Acceptance Criteria as defined in the Internal Quality Control Review and Glossary page of this report.

Authorised By

Swati Shahaney Analytical Services Manager Senior Analyst-Organic (NZN) Michael Ritchie Shasti Ramachandran Senior Analyst-Metal (NZN)



Head of Semi Volatiles (Key Technical Personnel)

Final report - this Report replaces any previously issued Report

- Indicates Not Requested
- * Indicates IANZ accreditation does not cover the performance of this service

Measurement uncertainty of test data is available on request or please click here.

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