In Confidence

Office of the Minister for the Environment

Chair, Cabinet

COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects (Wairatahi and Wooing Tree Stage 4) Amendment Order 2023

Proposal

- 1 This paper seeks authorisation for submission to the Executive Council of the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects (Wairatahi and Wooing Tree Stage 4) Amendment Order 2023 (the Amendment Order).
- 2 The Amendment Order amends the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects Order 2020 to include as projects referred to an expert consenting panel (panel):
 - 2.1 Wooing Tree Property Development Limited Partnership's Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project (Schedule 66)
 - 2.2 Heretaunga Tamatea Pou Tahua Limited Partnership's Wairatahi Project (Schedule 67).

Executive Summary

- 3 The COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Act 2020 (FTCA) is one of the Government's temporary actions to support New Zealand's economic recovery from COVID-19. The FTCA enables any person to apply to me, as Minister for the Environment, to fast-track certain approvals required under the Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA) for their project.
- 4 Projects that I accept are referred to a panel by an amendment to the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects Order 2020, subject to Cabinet's agreement. This allows an applicant to lodge resource consent applications and/or notices of requirement for a designation with the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for consideration by a panel.
- 5 Before granting RMA approvals a panel must conduct a merit-based assessment of the project's actual and potential effects and test these against the requirements of both Part 2 of the RMA and the purpose of the FTCA.
- 6 I received applications from:
 - 6.1 Wooing Tree Property Development Limited Partnership (WTPDLP) to fasttrack the Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project.
 - 6.2 Heretaunga Tamatea Pou Tahua Limited Partnership (HTPTLP) to fast-track the Wairatahi Project

- 7 The Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project is a medium-density residential development in Cromwell. The Wairatahi Project is a predominantly residential development in Hastings.
- 8 I sought written comments on the applications from the relevant local authorities, relevant Ministers prescribed by the FTCA and from Waka Kotahi New Zealand Transport Agency (Waka Kotahi).
- 9 For the Wairatahi Project, I also sought comments from the Associate Minister for the Environment (urban policy).
- 10 For each project, I considered all comments received and the reports prepared under section 17 of the FTCA. I also requested and considered further information from the applicant for the Wairatahi Project.
- 11 I have accepted both projects for referral as I am satisfied they meet the eligibility criteria specified in section 18 of the FTCA. The projects will help achieve the FTCA's purpose by generating employment and increasing housing supply. The Wairatahi Project may also contribute to social wellbeing by improving public access to the Irongate Stream.
- 12 I consider both projects will likely progress faster using the FTCA processes than if consents were sought through standard RMA processes, and any actual and potential effects on the environment, together with any measures to mitigate, offset or compensate for adverse effects, can be considered and determined by a panel subject to Part 2 of the RMA and the purpose of the FTCA.
- 13 I now seek authorisation for submission of the Amendment Order to the Executive Council. The Amendment Order enables WTPDLP and HTPTLP to apply via the EPA to a panel for the relevant approvals needed under the RMA for their respective projects, in accordance with the process in the FTCA.

Background

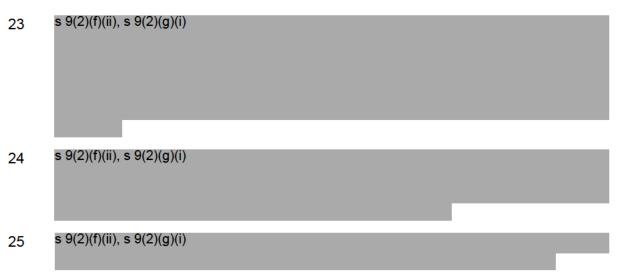
- 14 The FTCA is one of the Government's temporary actions to support New Zealand's economic recovery from COVID-19, by promoting employment and supporting ongoing investment. Access to the FTCA provisions remains in place until the FTCA is repealed in July 2023.
- 15 The FTCA enables any person to apply to me, in my role as Minister for the Environment, to access the fast-track consenting process for their project. If I accept an application, the project is referred by Order in Council specifically, via an amendment that adds the project as a new schedule to the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects Order 2020 subject to Cabinet's agreement. This allows an applicant to lodge a resource consent application or notice of requirement for a designation with the EPA for consideration and decision by a panel.
- 16 Panels are appointed by Panel Convener Judge Laurie Newhook and are constituted according to the specific representation, skills and knowledge required for the project under consideration. Before a panel grants any RMA approvals for the project it must, among other things, consider comments from invited parties on the applications for these approvals, assess the project's actual and potential effects, and test these effects against the requirements of Part 2 of the RMA and the purpose of the FTCA. As part of this process the panel may seek further information from a range of parties, including those invited to comment.

- 17 I receive weekly updates on the projects accessing the fast-track provisions and their progress.
- 18 As of 3 March 2023, 167 applications have been made under the FTCA to refer projects to a panel, of which:
 - 18.1 65 projects have been referred and Orders in Council gazetted. Details are in Appendix one. In summary, for these projects:
 - 18.1.1 31 have been granted RMA approvals by a panel (Kapuni Green, Ariki Tahi Sugarloaf Wharf are under appeal)
 - 18.1.2 2 have had applications for RMA approvals declined by a panel (Flints Park Ladies Mile is under appeal)
 - 18.1.3 16 are under active panel consideration
 - 18.1.4 14 have yet to lodge RMA applications
 - 18.1.5 2 have subsequently decided not to seek RMA approvals through the panel process.
 - 18.2 5 projects have been accepted for referral and are awaiting Orders in Council. This includes the projects that are the subject of this paper
 - 18.3 54 referral applications are being processed and are yet to receive referral decisions
 - 18.4 28 referral applications have been declined for a range of reasons including not meeting the purpose of the FTCA and it being more appropriate for them to go through the standard RMA consenting process
 - 18.5 15 referral applications have been withdrawn by the applicants.
- 19 I am not required to make referral decisions on projects listed in Schedule 2 of the FTCA. Authorised persons or entities for these projects may lodge their applications for RMA approvals with the EPA at any time while the relevant FTCA provisions are in force. An update on the listed projects is in Appendix two.

Project for referral: WTPDLP's Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project

- 20 WTPDLP applied to use the fast-track consenting process for the Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project. The project is to subdivide three separate areas of land, totalling approximately 4.7-hectares, located within 64 Shortcut Road, corner of State Highway 6 and State Highway 8B, Cromwell, to create approximately 120 lots for residential use. The project includes the construction of approximately 120 residential units by third parties, creation of public open space areas and construction of supporting infrastructure, including roads, accessways and three-waters services.
- 21 The project will require subdivision and land use consents under the Central Otago District Plan (CODP), and land use consent under the Regional Plan: Water for Otago.
- I sought written comments on the referral application from the relevant local authorities (Central Otago District Council (CODC) and Otago Regional Council (ORC)), from relevant Ministers as determined by section 21(6) of the FTCA, and from Waka Kotahi New Zealand Transport Agency (Waka Kotahi).

Overview of comments



- 26 CODC opposed project referral and considered the project should proceed through standard RMA processes following the completion of hearings and decisions on Private Plan Change 19 (PPC19) which seeks to rezone the site to enable medium density development. CODC considered the project could be substantially provided for through PPC19, however they noted the referral application proposes a density which is greater than that anticipated in the proposed zoning.
- 27 ORC did not oppose project referral but saw no reason why the project could not proceed through the standard RMA consenting process.
- 28 Waka Kotahi supported project referral and noted that if the project is referred it would expect the applicant to provide an integrated transport assessment that assessed whether the project would have any adverse effects on the Shortcut Road and State Highway 8B intersection. I did not specify this because I considered this is adequately covered by the requirements of the CODP and the FTCA.
- 29 CODC, ORC and Waka Kotahi made requests for directions to the applicant and the panel that I have considered.

Decision

- 30 In making my decision, and in accordance with section 24 of the FTCA, I considered the application and further information received, all comments and requests for directions to the applicant and a panel provided in response to my invitation, and the eligibility criteria in section 18 of the FTCA. I also considered the report prepared under section 17 of the FTCA.
- 31 I have decided to accept WTPDLP's application for referral of the Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project to a panel. I am satisfied the project meets the eligibility criteria in sections 18(2) and 18(3) of the FTCA. I consider it will help achieve the FTCA purpose as it has the potential to:
 - 31.1 generate employment by providing approximately 48 direct FTE jobs
 - 31.2 increase housing supply by enabling the future construction of approximately 120 residential units

- 31.3 progress faster than would otherwise be the case under standard RMA 1991 processes.
- 32 I have decided not to specify any further information that the applicant must provide to a panel as requested by ^s 9(2)(f)(ii), s 9(2)(g)(i), CODC, ORC and Waka Kotahi. I consider this information is covered by other pieces of legislation, the requirements of the CODP and the requirement of clause 9 Schedule 6 of the FTCA.
- 33 The FTCA requires a panel to invite comments from the relevant local authorities, relevant iwi authorities and Treaty settlement entities, specific Ministers, owners and occupiers of adjacent land, specific non-governmental organisations and other groups listed in the FTCA¹. In addition to these requirements and to address matters raised, I have decided to specify a panel must seek comment on WTPDLP's resource consent applications from Aukaha (1997) Limited, Te Ao Mārama Incorporated and Waka Kotahi, as listed in Appendix three.
- 34 I consider any actual and potential effects on the environment, together with any measures to mitigate, offset or compensate for adverse effects, can be appropriately tested by a panel against Part 2 of the RMA and the purpose of the FTCA.
- 35 I have not decided under section 24(2) of the FTCA to:
 - 35.1 limit the scope of the project by referring it only in part
 - 35.2 refer the project in stages
 - 35.3 place any restrictions on the project
 - 35.4 impose specific timeframes for panel consideration.

Project for referral: HTPTLP's Wairatahi Project

- 36 HTPTLP applied to use the fast-track consenting process for the Wairatahi Project. The project is to subdivide approximately 28.2 hectares of land at 238 Stock Road and 49A Dundee Drive, Flaxmere, Hastings and construct a comprehensive urban development on that land. The project is predominantly residential and provides a range of housing typologies, including apartments, terraced, duplex and detached houses. The project also includes commercial buildings, visitor accommodation, a community hall, creation of open spaces, and supporting infrastructure including roads, accessways and three-waters services.
- 37 The project may include the construction and operation of a retirement village comprising a 20-bed care home, a 24-bed assisted-living building, 140 residential units, associated facilities including a reception and administration area, community gardens, outdoor bowling green, pool house, wellness centre and club house.
- 38 The project includes two development options (dependent on the approach to stormwater drainage). Option A will provide approximately 450 residential units (or approximately 523 if a retirement village is constructed) and involve the realignment of the Wellwood Drain and enhancement of the Irongate Stream, and Option B will

¹ Clause 17(6) of Schedule 6, FTCA.

provide approximately 425 residential units (or approximately 475 if a retirement village is constructed).

- 39 The project will require land use and subdivision consents under the Hastings District Plan (HDP), land use consent, water and discharge permits under the Hawkes Bay Regional Resource Management Plan and resource consents under the Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health) Regulations 2011 (NES-CS) and the Resource Management (National Environmental Standards for Freshwater) Regulations 2020 (NES-F).
- 40 I sought written comments on the referral application from the relevant local authorities (Hastings District Council (HDC) and Hawkes Bay Regional Council (HBRC)), from relevant Ministers as determined by section 21(6) of the FTCA including the Associate Minister for the Environment (urban policy), and from Waka Kotahi.
- 41 To better understand the project scope, job creation, risks arising from natural hazards, upgrades to infrastructure, project funding, status under the HDP and NES-F and approvals required from third parties, I sought further information under section 22 of the FTCA from the applicant.

42 \$ 9(2)(f)(ii), \$ 9(2)(g)(i) 43 \$ 9(2)(f)(ii), \$ 9(2)(g)(i) 44 \$ \$ 9(2)(f)(ii), \$ 9(2)(g)(i)

- 45 HDC was generally supportive of urbanisation on the project site but considered this should occur by way of a plan change process under the RMA. HDC raised concerns that the project is contrary to the objectives and policies of the HDP and considered that granting consent to the project would undermine the integrity of the HDP, particularly the protection of the Plains Production Zone. HDC did not consider the project site likely to be highly productive land under the National Policy Statement for Highly Productive Land 2022 (NPS-HPL) as it is identified as suitable for urban development in the Hawkes Bay Regional Policy Statement. HDC also referred to the recent panel decision to decline the Flint's Park resource consent application and considered there is a risk a panel would apply a similar approach to this project.
- 46 HBRC did not oppose project referral but saw no reason why the project could not be progressed under standard RMA processes. HBRC supported residential development

Overview of comments

of the project site and the proposed ecological planting and stormwater management measures.

- 47 Waka Kotahi did not support or oppose project referral and requested that if the project is referred I direct a panel to invite comments from them.
- 48 HDC, HBRC and Waka Kotahi made requests for directions to the applicant and panel that I have considered.

Decision

- 49 In making my decision, and in accordance with section 24 of the FTCA, I considered the application and further information received, all comments and requests for directions to the applicant and a panel provided in response to my invitation, and the eligibility criteria in section 18 of the FTCA. I also considered the report prepared under section 17 of the FTCA.
- 50 I have decided to accept HTPTLP's application for referral of the Wairatahi Project to a panel. I am satisfied the project meets the eligibility criteria in sections 18(2) and 18(3) of the FTCA. I consider it will help achieve the FTCA purpose as it has the potential to:
 - 50.1 generate employment by creating approximately 1395 direct and 1405 indirect full-time equivalent (FTE) jobs over a 5-year design and construction period
 - 50.2 increase housing supply by constructing approximately 450 to 523 residential units, or approximately 425 to 475 residential units if a retirement village is not constructed
 - 50.3 contribute to social wellbeing by improving public access to the Irongate Stream (if the realignment of the Wellwood Drain proceeds).
 - 50.4 progress faster than would otherwise be the case under standard RMA processes.
- 51 I have decided not to specify any further information that the applicant must provide to a panel as requested by ^{s 9(2)(f)(ii), s 9(2)(g)(i)}, HDC, HBRC and Waka Kotahi. I consider this information is covered by other pieces of legislation, the requirements of the HDP and the requirement of clause 9 Schedule 6 of the FTCA.
- 52 The FTCA requires a panel to invite comments from the relevant local authorities, relevant iwi authorities and Treaty settlement entities, specific Ministers, owners and occupiers of adjacent land, specific non-governmental organisations and other groups listed in the FTCA². In addition to these requirements and to address matters raised, I have decided to specify a panel must seek comment on HTPTLP's resource consent applications from Waka Kotahi, as listed in Appendix four.
- 53 I consider any actual and potential effects on the environment, together with any measures to mitigate, offset or compensate for adverse effects, can be appropriately tested by a panel against Part 2 of the RMA and the purpose of the FTCA.

² Clause 17(6) of Schedule 6, FTCA.

- 54 I have not decided under section 24(2) of the FTCA to:
 - 54.1 limit the scope of the project by referring it only in part
 - 54.2 refer the project in stages
 - 54.3 place any restrictions on the project
 - 54.4 impose specific timeframes for panel consideration.

Timing and 28-day rule

55 Cabinet has agreed to waive the 28-day rule for Orders in Council relating to projects to be referred to a panel³. Therefore, the Amendment Order will come into force the day after publication in the New Zealand Gazette. WTPDLP and HTPTLP may then lodge resource consent applications for their respective projects with the EPA, for consideration by a panel.

Compliance

- 56 The Amendment Order complies with:
 - 56.1 the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi
 - 56.2 the rights and freedoms contained in the New Zealand Bill of Rights Act 1990 or the Human Rights Act 1993
 - 56.3 the principles and guidelines set out in the Privacy Act 2020
 - 56.4 relevant international standards and obligations
 - 56.5 the Legislation Guidelines (2018 edition), which are maintained by the Legislation Design and Advisory Committee.

Regulations Review Committee

57 I do not consider that there are grounds for the Regulations Review Committee to draw this Order in Council to the attention of the House of Representatives under Standing Order 319.

Certification by Parliamentary Counsel Office

58 The Amendment Order has been certified by the Parliamentary Counsel Office as being in order for submission.

Impact Analysis

Regulatory Impact Assessment

59 The Regulatory Impact Assessment (RIA) requirements for this proposal have been waived. Cabinet has agreed that a RIA is not required for Orders in Council relating to projects to be referred to a panel⁴.

³ ENV-20-MIN-0033 and CAB-20-MIN-0353 refer

⁴ ENV-20-MIN-0033 and CAB-20-MIN-0353 refer

Climate Implications of Policy Assessment

60 The Climate Implications of Policy Assessment (CIPA) team at the Ministry for the Environment has been consulted and confirms that the CIPA requirements⁵ do not apply to the projects.

Publicity

- 61 The Amendment Order will be available on the New Zealand Legislation website following its notification in the New Zealand Gazette.
- 62 To meet my obligations under section 25 of the FTCA, I have directed the Ministry for the Environment to make my decisions to refer the projects to a panel for consideration, the reasons for these decisions, and the reports obtained under section 17 of the FTCA available to the public on the Ministry for the Environment's website.

Proactive release

63 I intend to proactively release this paper on the Ministry for the Environment's website subject to redaction as appropriate under the Official Information Act 1982.

Consultation

64 The Ministry for the Environment sought comment on this paper from Te Tūāpapa Kura Kāinga Ministry of Housing and Urban Development, Ministry for Culture and Heritage, Te Puni Kōkiri, Ministry of Education, Department of Corrections, Land Information New Zealand, Treasury, Ministry of Transport, Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment, Ministry for Primary Industries, Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Defence, Department of Internal Affairs, Department of Conservation and The Office for Māori Crown Relations – Te Arawhiti.

⁵ CO (20) 3 refers

Recommendations

I recommend that Cabinet:

- 1 **note** that I have decided under section 24 of the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Act 2020 to accept the applications for referral of the following projects to a panel:
 - 1.1 Wooing Tree Property Development Limited Partnership's Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project
 - 1.2 Heretaunga Tamatea Pou Tahua Limited Partnership's Wairatahi Project
- 2 **note** that the Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project meets the eligibility criteria in section 18(3) of the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Act 2020, and will help achieve the Act's purpose, as required by section 18(2) of the Act, as it has the potential to:
 - 2.1 generate employment by providing approximately 48 direct-full time equivalent jobs
 - 2.2 increase housing supply by enabling the future construction of approximately 120 residential units
 - 2.3 progress faster than would otherwise be the case under standard RMA 1991 processes
- 3 **note** that the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects (Wairatahi and Wooing Tree Stage 4) Amendment Order 2023 requires an expert consenting panel appointed to consider Wooing Tree Property Development Limited Partnership's Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project to seek comments from Aukaha (1997) Limited, Te Ao Mārama Incorporated and Waka Kotahi New Zealand Transport Agency, as listed in Appendix three
- 4 **note** that the Wairatahi Project meets the eligibility criteria in section 18(3) of the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Act 2020, and will help achieve the Act's purpose, as required by section 18(2) of the Act, as it has the potential to:
 - 4.1 generate employment by creating approximately 1395 direct and 1405 indirect full-time equivalent jobs over a 5-year design and construction period
 - 4.2 increase housing supply by constructing approximately 450 to 523 residential units, or approximately 425 to 475 residential units if a retirement village is not constructed
 - 4.3 contribute to social wellbeing by improving public access to the Irongate Stream (if the realignment of Wellwood Drain proceeds).
 - 4.4 progress faster than would otherwise be the case under standard RMA processes
- 5 **note** that the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects (Wairatahi and Wooing Tree Stage 4) Amendment Order 2023 requires an expert consenting panel appointed to consider Heretaunga Tamatea Pou Tahua Limited Partnership's Wairatahi Project to seek comments from Waka Kotahi New Zealand Transport Agency, as listed in Appendix four

- 6 **authorise** submission of the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects (Wairatahi and Wooing Tree Stage 4) Amendment Order 2023 to the Executive Council
- 7 note that on 27 July 2020, Cabinet agreed to waive the standard 28-day rule relating to Orders in Council made under the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Act 2020 [CAB-20-MIN-0353 refers]. Consequently, the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Referred Projects (Wairatahi and Wooing Tree Stage 4) Amendment Order 2023 will come into force the day after publication in the New Zealand Gazette.

Authorised for lodgement

Hon David Parker Minister for the Environment

Appendix one – Referred projects under the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Act 2020

Referred projects with Orders in Council gazetted			
Project - Location	Applicant	EPA Status	
Clutha Upper Waitaki Lines Project - Works and Workers' Village - Clutha Upper Waitaki	Transpower New Zealand Limited	Not progressing through FTC	
Northbrook Wanaka Retirement Village - Wanaka	Winton Property Limited	Consented by Panel (4 August 2021)	
Kohimarama Comprehensive Care Retirement Village - Kohimarama, Auckland	Ryman Healthcare Limited	Consented by Panel (12 May 2021)	
Molesworth Street Office Development - Thorndon, Wellington	Prime Property Group Limited	Consented by Panel (12 November 2021)	
The Vines Affordable Subdivision - Richmond, Tasman	Jason and Angela Mudgway	Declined by Panel (17 September 2021)	
Dominion Road Mixed-use Development - Mount Eden, Auckland	Pudong Housing Development Company Limited, Foodstuffs North Island Limited, and Silk Road Management Limited	Consented by Panel (29 September 2021)	
Ohinewai Foam Factory - Ohinewai, Waikato	Ambury Properties Limited	Consented by Panel (24 August 2021)	
Eastern Porirua Regeneration Project - Infrastructure Works - Porirua	Kāinga Ora-Homes and Communities' and Porirua City Council	Consented by Panel (9 September 2022)	
Silverlight Studios - Wanaka	Silverlight Studios Limited	Consented by Panel (8 December 2021)	
Brennan winery, restaurant, education, and event complex - Gibbston Valley, Otago	Otago Viticulture and Oenology Limited's (trading as Brennan Wines)	Not progressing through FTC	
Nola Estate - Glen Eden, Auckland	CPM 2019 Limited	Consented by Panel (1 October 2021)	
Wooing Tree Estate – Cromwell	Wooing Tree Property Development LP	Consented by Panel (29 September 2021)	
Kapuni Green Hydrogen - Kapuni, Taranaki	Hiringa Energy Limited's and Ballance Agri-Nutrients Limited	Consented by Panel (1 December 2021) Currently under appeal	
New Dunedin Hospital – Whakatuputupu – Dunedin Package 1 – enabling works	The Minister of Health's and the Ministry of Health	Consented by Panel (23 December 2021)	
New Dunedin Hospital – Whakatuputupu – Dunedin Package 2 - buildings	The Minister of Health's and the Ministry of Health	Consented by Panel (17 August 2022)	

Faringdon South West and South East Development - Rolleston	Hughes Developments Limited's	Consented by Panel (27 August 2021)
Summerset Retirement Village - Waikanae - Waikanae	Summerset Villages (Waikanae) Limited	Consented by Panel (23 September 2021)
Beachlands Housing Development - Beachlands, Auckland	Neil Construction Limited and Fletcher Residential Limited	Consented by Panel (23 May 2022)
Kōpū Marine Precinct - Kōpū, Thames	Thames-Coromandel District Council	Consented by Panel (9 March 2022)
Whakatāne Commercial Boat Harbour project - Whakatāne	Whakatāne District Council, Te Rāhui Lands Trust, Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Awa, Ngāti Awa Group Holdings Limited, Te Rāhui Lands General Partner Limited, Te Rāhui Herenga Waka Whakatane Limited, and Provincial Growth Fund Limited	Consented by Panel (22 June 2022)
Karaka North Village - Karaka, Auckland	Capella Group Limited and Karaka North Village Limited	Lodgement expected 2023
Ōmāhu Residential Development - Remuera, Auckland	Urban Resort Limited and Icon Co Pty (NZ) Limited	Consented by Panel (14 February 2022)
George St Mixed Use Development - Newmarket, Auckland	Newmarket Holdings Development Limited Partnership	Lodgement expected 2023
Otawere Water Storage Reservoir - Northland	Te Tai Tokerau Water Trust	Consented by Panel (18 July 2022)
Drury Central & Paerata Stations - Auckland	KiwiRail Holdings Limited	Consented by Panel (3 February 2022)
Rangitane Maritime Development - Kerikeri	Far North District Council & Far North Holdings Limited	Lodgement expected 2023
Brickfields, Scott Road Development - Hobsonville, Auckland	Aedifice Development Limited	Consented by Panel (24 March 2022)
Melia Place - Whangaparāoa, Auckland	Melia Development Limited	Consented by Panel (14 June 2022)
Oruku Landing - Whangārei, Northland	Northland Development Corporation Limited	Lodgement expected mid 2023
Riverbend Residential Development - Napier	Tawanui Developments Limited, K3 Properties Limited & Mana Ahuriri Holdings Limited	Lodgement expected early 2023
Silverlight Studios Accommodation - Wanaka, Otago	Silverlight Studios Limited	Consented by Panel (18 February 2022)
Drury Centre Precinct - Auckland	Kiwi Property Holdings No 2	Under consideration by Panel
Waihoehoe Precinct - Auckland	Oyster Capital Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Drury East Stage 1 Precinct – Auckland	Fulton Hogan Land Development	Under consideration by Panel

Flints Park, Ladies Mile – Te Pūtahi, Queenstown	Glenpanel Development Limited	Declined by Panel (30 November)
		Currently under appeal
Federal Street Residences, Auckland	P0012 Auckland NZ Pty Limited	Consented by Panel (28 July 2022)
Bellgrove Development, Rangiora	Bellgrove Rangiora Limited	Consented by Panel (29 June 2022)
Lakeview-Taumata	QT Lakeview Developments Limited	Consented by Panel (16 December 22)
Summerset Retirement Village, Half Moon Bay, Auckland	Summerset Villages (Halfmoon Bay) Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Browns Bay Road Apartments, Auckland	Matvin Group Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Te Tauoma Stage 1B, St Johns, Auckland	Shundi Tamaki Village Limited	Consented by Panel (15 February 2023)
Kaiwharawhara Wellington Ferry Terminal Redevelopment	KiwiRail Holdings Limited	Consented by Panel (25 January 2023)
The Rotokauri North project, Hamilton	Rotokauri North Holdings Limited	Consented by Panel (27 July 2022)
Tauhei Farm Solar Project, Te Aroha	Harmony Energy New Zealand Limited	Consented by Panel (20 September 2022)
The Hill, Ellerslie, Auckland	Auckland Thoroughbred Racing Incorporated & Fletcher Residential Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Ariki Tahi Sugarloaf Wharf Upgrade, Waikato	Ariki Tahi Sugarloaf Wharf Limited	Consented by Panel (20 September) Currently under appeal
Hananui Aquaculture Project, Foveaux Straight	Ngāi Tahu Seafood Resources Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Flints Park West, Ladies Mile – Te Pūtahi, Queenstown	Glenpanel Development Limited	Lodgement expected late 2023
Waimarie Street, St Helliers, Auckland	Sanctum Projects Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Te Rere Hau Wind Farm Repowering, Manawatu	NZ Windfarms Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Bontanic Riverhead, Auckland	Matvin Group Limited	Consented by Panel (29 March 2023)
Whenuapai Business Park, Auckland	Neil Construction Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Whenuapai Green, Auckland	Neil Construction Limited & Maraetai Land Development Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Faringdon Oval, Rolleston, Christchurch	Hughes Development Limited	Under consideration by Panel
Glenpanel Ladies Mile, Te Pūtahi	Maryhill Limited	Lodgement expected 2023

Kepa Road Apartments, Auckland	Sanctum Projects Ltd	Under consideration by Panel	
Wellsford North, Auckland	Wellsford Welding Club Limited	Lodgement expected 2023	
Johnsonville Town Centre Redevelopment, Wellington	Stride Property Limited	Lodgement expected 2023	
Waiterimu Solar Farm, Waikato	Waikato Solar Farms Limited/ Transpower NZ Limited	Lodgement expected 2023	
Tauranga Innovative Courthouse, Bay of Plenty	Ministry of Justice	Consented by Panel (19 January 2023)	
East Coast Heights, Silverdale	Build Rich Limited / Nation Shine Holdings Limited	Lodgement expected 2023	
East Coast Heights, Stage 5 Silverdale	Build Rich Limited	Under consideration by Panel	
Strathmill, Orewa	Shildon Ltd	Under consideration by Panel	
Great South Homes Park, Auckland	Unispot Great South Limited	Lodgement expected 2023	
Waikanae North, Wellington	Bulletin Trust	Lodgement expected 2023	
Glen Innes to Tamaki shared path, Auckland	Auckland Transport	Lodgement expected 2023	

Appendix two – Status of projects listed in Schedule 2 of the COVID-19 Recovery (Fast-track Consenting) Act 2020

Listed Project	Status
Matawii Water Storage Reservoir Kaikohe	Consents have been approved.
Papakāinga Development – Rāpaki, Christchurch	Consents have been approved.
Te Ara Tupua – Ngā Ūranga to Pito-one shared path	Consents have been approved.
Waitohi Picton Ferry Precinct Redevelopment	Consents have been approved.
Queenstown Arterials Project	Consents have been approved.
Papakāinga Development - Kaitaia	Consents have been approved.
Papakura to Pukekōhe rail electrification	Package 1 - consents have been approved.
	Package 2 – minor consents - unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.
Papakura to Drury South State Highway 1	Package 1 - consents have been approved.
improvements	Package 2 – application lodged October in progress.
Unitec Residential Development	Application 1 - consents have been approved.
	Application 2 - consents have been approved.
	Application 3 – application lodged November in progress
Papakāinga Development – Waitara, Taranaki	Expecting lodgement 2022
Northern Pathway – Westhaven to Akoranga shared path	Unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.
Te Pā Tāhuna Residential Development	Unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.
Papakāinga Development - Point Chevalier, Auckland	Unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.
Papakāinga development – Whaingaroa, Raglan	Unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.
Papakāinga Development - Chatham Islands	Unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.
Wellington Metro Upgrade Programme	Unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.
Britomart Station eastern end upgrade	Unlikely to proceed under fast-track at this stage.

Appendix three – Additional requirements specified by the Minister for the Environment under section 24(2) of the FTCA for Wooing Tree Property Development Limited Partnership's Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project

An expert consenting panel appointed to consider Wooing Tree Property Development Limited Partnership's resource consent applications for the Wooing Tree Stage 4 Project must seek comments from the following additional persons/organisations:

- 1. Aukaha (1997) Limited
- 2. Te Ao Mārama Incorporated
- 3. Waka Kotahi New Zealand Transport Agency

Appendix four – Additional requirements specified by the Minister for the Environment under section 24(2) of the FTCA for Heretaunga Tamatea Pou Tahua Limited Partnership's Wairatahi Project

An expert consenting panel appointed to consider Heretaunga Tamatea Pou Tahua Limited Partnership's resource consent applications for the Wairatahi Project must seek comments from the following additional persons/organisations:

1. Waka Kotahi New Zealand Transport Agency